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The North Carolinian.

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TREATY OBLIGATIONS.

NO OBSTACLE TO EFFECTIVE MARINE PROTECTION.

We Have No Agreement With Any Nation Which May Not Be Easily Abrogated in the Interest of American Shipping —A Wrong Impression Abroad.

To yield is to submit; to submit is to become subordinate; to become subordinate is to generate a nerveless national courage. Such seem to be some of the sequences of the War of 1812, of the peace treaty and conventions following. England forced that war, that she might destroy our shipping power. We made our fight for "free trade and sailor's rights" and our battles won merited better reward than failure to secure their object, and to lose our ship protection besides. England got her desire shaped for accomplishment, not by whipping our armies, or by capturing our ships and seamen, but by bold and diplomatic fencing with our yielding and submissive Government. Our shipping power being now reduced to zero, British statesmen patronize and flatter us. Our legislators are presented with a rattle; our press is given a straw. All at once commercial conventions become sacred things. Our flowing courage drips from our finger ends, and the prospect of shipping restoration melts away.

When the peace treaty of 1814 came to be considered the battle of Waterloo had been fought and Napoleon made a prisoner of war. Great Britain, flushed with victory, would not agree to any stipulation respecting the impressment of seamen, nor to any definition of neutral rights as to blockades, but insisted that the treaty should be followed by a commercial convention that should establish a policy of "reciprocity"—an "open door" to freighting—under which the present state of our marine might be brought about. We had to treat with our enemy or fight him single-handed—so we treated. To enable the Executive to meet in "convention" our exacting friend, of the "firm and universal peace" just ratified, Congress passed the first act for stripping off our ship protection, March 3, 1815, as follows:

"That so much of the several acts imposing duties on the tonnage of ships and vessels, and on goods, wares, merchandise imported into the United States, as imposes a discriminating duty on tonnage between foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, be and the same are hereby repealed; such repeal to take effect in favor of foreign nations whenever the President of the United States shall be satisfied that the discriminating or countervailing duties of such foreign nation, so far as they operate to the disadvantage of the United States, have been abolished."

The assumption that any discriminating duties of foreign nations "operated to the disadvantage of the United States" was false and absurd. Besides, the British system of ship protection consisted for the most part of prohibitions, as already shown. Several of these it was not expected they would give up, nor did they. We had no prohibitions, but were to give up all our system; the British only part of theirs.

A wrong impression is abroad that a return to the early ship protection of discriminating duties involves a violation of a treaty with Great Britain. There is nothing of the kind involved. Our agreement of July 3, 1815, was not a treaty in the proper sense, but a "convention" with a time limit fixed. This distinction is important. We have discharged every obligation to the full. It is our right under the convention itself to cease its observance. Noah Webster thus defines a convention:

"5. An agreement or contract less formal than, or preliminary to, a treaty, an informal contract as between commanders of armies in respect to suspension of hostilities, or between States; also a formal agreement between governments or sovereign powers; as a postal convention between two governments."

Whether called a treaty or convention, we have no agreement for perpetual arrangements as to commerce and navigation with any nation whatsoever; but with all nations there is a time limit fixed, with annulment and abrogation provided for on one year's notice. If we submit forever to arrangements that have proved ruinous and degrading, we have only ourselves and our Government to blame.

The men of 1815-27 tided over a difficulty. We should have the manliness, with ten times the population, wealth and power, to resume our right and perform our duty. It was a remark of Jefferson, that "All experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed." This is all there is in the talk about "treaty" hindrance to the proper protection of American shipping.

Shipping Subsidies.

It makes no difference what we think of the policy of paying [shipping] subsidies in the abstract. While other nations pay them we must, just as each of the nations of Europe must keep up its armament so long as the others do. For years now we have been talking about this matter, and it is high time that Congress and the President should take it up and act. The acquisition of new territory, toward which we have already agreed to establish the policy of the "open door," makes it more important and necessary than ever, and points out the present as the time to adopt and to carry out an effective and vigorous policy, that shall give us, not merely equality with other nations, but that superiority which of right belongs to us in our own trade with the world.—Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) Eagle.

Glittering Generalities.

The Democrats take pleasure in calling the Dingley act a "prohibitive tariff." If they read the Treasury reports they will discover their error. But they never care for facts. They are only strong on glittering generalities.—Wilmington (Del.) News.

A DOUBLE BENEFIT.

Increase of Government Revenues and a Fair Field For Honest Men.

In connection with his report to the State Department of the marked increase in the exports of embroideries and laces from St. Gall to the United States for the month of November, 1898, Consul Dubois remarks:

"I have every reason to know that much of this increase represents the advances that have been made in invoice prices during the past six months, owing to the energetic action of the customs authorities at New York and the export control here, these prices having risen from twenty to twenty-five per cent. in that period of time. This rise has established a better and cleaner condition of business, preventing in a measure unfair and unjust competition, and at the same time securing to our Government a large amount of revenue, to which it was properly entitled, but which it formerly lost.

"As the total increase of exports from Switzerland to the United States for the month of November, 1898, as compared with the same month last year, was only $521,679, it proves that about seventy per cent. of the entire increase occurred in the St. Gall shipments.

"A member of one of the oldest and best Swiss firms has recently very frankly admitted to me that business can now be done more easily with the United States and on far more satisfactory terms."

This only serves to emphasize the fact that an efficient enforcement of the customs revenue laws carries with it a double benefit—an increase of Government receipts and a fair field for honest men to do business in.

The Remedy.

The revival of American shipping would be a great benefit to the nation. It would add hundreds of millions to our income. It would re-open old ship-yards and produce new ones. It would afford new avenues for foreign trade. It would enable our merchants and manufacturers to avail themselves of the recommendations of our Consuls, who are continually calling attention to openings for American enterprise, which fall upon dull ears because there is no means of communication.

The remedy for steam lines is reasonable subsidy, and for sailing vessels a modification of harbor dues, where possible, and a tariff discrimination of five per cent., or such sum as may be required. The rebate in the tariff will serve to reduce the subsidy.

The books of any steamship company or shipping firm would show where the losses occur, and the remedy could be made to fit the disease.—Jersey City (N. J.) Journal.

Poised For a Final Stroke.

Uncle Sam proposes to knock the free trade ball so far that it will never be found again.

The Laugh is on Them.

One thing which is moving protectionists to mirth just now is the spectacle of two or three of the fiercest free trade newspapers in Massachusetts setting forth unanswerable demonstrations that the foreign commerce of Great Britain is, and long has been, at a standstill, and that the sceptre of mercantile supremacy is swiftly passing over to the United States. This is a monumental truth which has been proclaimed in the Boston Journal's editorial columns time and time again for these half-dozen years—and it never failed to turn these same free trade newspapers purple in the face with fury. They have published reams of "copy," endeavoring to refute exactly what they now assert as an original discovery in their newborn zeal against "imperialism." It strikes us that the Journal rather has the laugh on its headlong contemporaries.—Boston Journal.

Another Opportunity.

Nothing seems more inevitable at this time than that the policy of extension, now indorsed by the Republican party, must lead to the overthrow of the Republican principle of protective tariff.—St. Joseph (Mo.) News.

That is the common hope among free traders to-day, and they will work for the realization of that hope. Previous to the culmination of events growing out of our magnificent achievements in the war with Spain the free traders of the United States had almost decided to give up the fight for an open door to foreign competition of all kinds. Now, however, they see in territorial expansion and its attendant trade expansion another opportunity to make unthinking people believe that this country would be better off without protection than with it, and they are going to make the most of that opportunity. They will fail, of course, but they will continue to fight for free trade just the same.

Don't Expect to Please Them.

As has been suspected, it turns out that our American tariff is not pleasing to Germany, any more than it is to the Democratic party. Just now this country is not studying the interests of either, so far as that particular measure is concerned. The Republican party "knows a good thing when it sees it." And that is saying a good deal more than can be said of its opponents.—Norwalk (Ohio) Reflector.

Restoring Juliet's Tomb.

The work of renovating the tomb of Juliet in Verona, Italy, has been begun. It is intended to restore the entire edifice, making it twice its present size. The small arches now seen in the front will be continued along the sides, and the tomb will be set in the centre of the structure.

KEELY'S MOTOR EXPOSED

Result of a Newspaper's Exploration in His Philadelphia Workshop.

COMPRESSED AIR HIS FORCE.

The Keely Motor is Alleged to Be a Fraud —Pipes Found in the Inventor's House Which Supplied the Motive Power— Startling Results of the Excavations —The Investigators Men of Science.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—For more than a week scientific men, under the auspices of the Philadelphia Press, have been investigating the dismantled Keely workshop. These researches, it is claimed, clearly prove that the mysterious Keely motor was a delusion and deception and its alleged mysterious forces the result of trickery.

The investigators were Professor Carl Hering, a consulting electrical engineer of experience; Arthur W. Goodspeed, Assistant Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania, who visited the laboratory years ago at the request of Mrs. Bloomfield Moore; Lightner Witmer, Professor of experimental Psychology in the University of Pennsylvania, and Dr. M. G. Miller, who has had special training in mound-digging and who superintended the digging operations and plotted the results.

Every bit of flooring in the house at No. 1420 North Twentieth street was ripped up in the search for evidence. Many curious discoveries were made. The ceiling of one room had been lowered about two inches in order to leave space for wires and tubes. This ceiling was made of planks instead of plaster, and there were numerous augur holes and trap doors. The augur holes in both walls and floors in different parts of the house showed that many tubes and wires ran from one room to another.

But most interesting of all was a high pressure tube which was built into the wall. Although incomplete, the indications were that it connected the three-ton sphere buried in the basement with the lever machine by which Keely developed an uplifting expansive force of 25,000 pounds per square inch without an uplifting force of one ounce under the piston. Keely attributed this phenomenon to his "discovery" of vibrations, communicated through wires. And herein lies the whole significance of the exposure. What appeared in Keely's laboratory to be mere wires were in reality lengths of fine tubing, through which great power was transmitted from the buried cylinder in the form of compressed air or gas.

How highly compressed was the air that Keely could store in his big iron sphere is shown by the fact that measurements and simple calculations give this receptacle the capability of resisting a bursting pressure of from 20,000 to 100,000 pounds per square inch.

Unaided as he probably was, Keely must have exercised prodigious ingenuity and industry in order to build up the ingenious scheme by which he was destined to induce so many thousands from the pockets of the credulous. He worked at many trades to which he had not been apprenticed. He was a plumber, plasterer, carpenter, mason and many other things combined. One of the important discoveries was a long iron pipe, which ran from very near the shallow pit in the front room on the ground floor to within a short distance of the large sphere. It was plugged at each end with curious right-angled joints of very rough workmanship, but thoroughly efficient for the control of great pressure.

It ought to be possible for those who now have Keely's machines to prove at once whether compressed air or gas was the source of their motion, and to do this at once without giving away any other secrets of their mechanism. If they are so made that compressed gases would make them it will probably be safe to conclude that their secret is discovered and to relegate them to the scrap heap or to put them in museums to illustrate the success of another humbug. On the other hand, if they could not be made to act by such a force they will acquire a new interest by the demonstration of that fact.

LAD OF TEN A BURGLAR.

Confesses Theft to Get Money to Buy Cigarettes.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. (Special).—Raphael Moffett, an Italian boy, ten years old, is confined at headquarters charged with burglary. He was arrested several weeks ago for a misdemeanor, and then confessed that he had broken into four or five stores.

He is now held for having committed burglary at the Italian banking house of John Oprandi. Young Moffett broke the plate-glass window in the office, and got into the bank by crawling through the hole he made. He broke open the cash drawer and secured $5.95 in money.

The boy is an inordinate cigarette smoker, and his craving for tobacco has caused him, he says, to commit the robberies in order that he can obtain money with which to buy cigarettes.

EX-PRESIDENT AS POLICEMAN.

Mr. Benjamin Harrison Gives Chase to Two Thieves, Catching One.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special).—While ex-President Benjamin Harrison was taking his evening walk a few days ago near his home, Mrs. D. H. Smith, a neighbor, ran up to him, crying: "Oh! Mr. Harrison, those two men there have robbed my house. They have the plunder in that bag."

She pointed to two men who were hurrying away. Mr. Harrison ran after them, crying to them to stop, but they kept on. He hailed two men in a buggy which was passing. Quickly telling them the situation, he jumped into the buggy and gave chase to the flying men. The latter were overtaken and Mr. Harrison jumped out and caught one, but the other escaped.

SPANIARDS MURDERED BY CUBANS.

General Castellanos Says That Ex-Volunteers are Being Killed in Santa Clara.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Ex-Captain General Castellanos has complained to Governor-General Brooke that the Cubans in Sana Clara Province are murdering Spanish ex-volunteers. He says that eight were killed in one week.

General Brooke referred the matter to General Bates, Military Governor of Santa Clara, with directions that "prompt measures be taken to punish the guilty and to prevent the recurrence of similar acts."

To Europe in Five Days.

The North German Lloyd Steamship Company at Bremen, Germany, will organize for next season's travel a service of fast passenger steamers to run between New York and La Rochelle, France. The passage will be made in five days. This is in anticipation of heavy passenger traffic to and from the Paris Exposition of 1900.

Fort McHenry Quarantined.

Because of the appearance of a case of smallpox among the enlisted men at Fort McHenry, Md., the reservation has been quarantined by Government and Baltimore health officers.

$400,000 Stolen in Porto Rico.

General Henry, Governor of Porto Rico, has received from the Secretary of Finance in the Insular Cabinet, Senor Collytoste, a report showing that the former Spanish authorities appropriated $400,000, on deposit in various institutions, belonging to foreign insurance companies, contractors and judicial trustees. The insurance companies claim that the United States Government must make good their loss.

Sweden to Strengthen Its Defenses.

The Swedish Parliament was opened a few days ago and plans were proposed to strengthen the country's defensive power.

SCHURMAN SAYS FAREWELL.

Addresses Cornell Students Before Leaving For the Philippines.

ITHACA, N. Y. (Special).—Cornell's President, Dr. J. G. Schurman, delivered his farewell address to the students and the members of the Faculty of Cornell University Monday afternoon. He was introduced

DR. J. G. SCHURMAN.
(A member of the Philippine Commission.)

by Professor Thomas F. Crane, now acting President of Cornell. Bishop Potter, of New York, was present.

Resolutions were passed by the students congratulating President McKinley and the Government on their wisdom in choosing for a position of such eminent trust "a man so well fitted for it by the energy of his action, the broadness of his sympathy, and the clearness of his vision."

FOUGHT IN A LOCOMOTIVE.

An Engineer Overcomes an Insane Fireman and Averts a Collision.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. (Special). — Engineer Barney Keegan, of the Illinois Central Railway, had the most thrilling experience of his life a few nights ago, and only his dogged determination saved the life of Walter Cole, the fireman, and perhaps the lives of the passengers. For twenty miles, as the engine was speeding along the tracks at the rate of thirty miles an hour, Keegan engaged in a life and death struggle with Cole, who had become violently insane.

Keegan stopped his train, the fast mail, at Cecil, Ky., about forty miles south of this city, to take water. He noticed that Cole was acting strangely, and asked him what was the matter. Cole did not reply, but began beating his head violently. Keegan had previously heard him complain of a headache. He started his train toward this city, and when he had gone about a mile he heard a piercing scream and saw Cole climbing out of the cab window. The fireman would have made the leap in another instant, but Keegan grappled with him and pulled him back into the cab. Then, after a struggle, the fireman sprang on the engineer, and they were locked in a tight embrace.

Keegan remembered that he had orders to take the siding at West Point, twenty miles further on, to allow the New Orleans limited from Louisville to pass. The struggle had lasted several minutes. Cole showed no signs of tiring and Keegan was beginning to grow weak.

The train was then nearing West Point. Just before he reached the stop Keegan made a big effort and threw Cole away from him. He grabbed the throttle and shut off the steam and the engine came to a stop at the station. Cole had renewed the struggle, but help came at once and the fireman was overpowered.

NEW COLONIAL COMMISSION.

To Administer, Under the Secretary of War, Our Island Governments.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Secretary of War has completed the organization of a colonial commission to undertake the administration here in Washington of all matters of detail respecting the government of the territories acquired during the war, or occupied by the United States forces. The personnel of the commission will be General Robert P. Kennedy, of Bellefonte, Ohio; Colonel Curtis Guild, of Massachusetts, now serving on the staff of General Fitzhugh Lee, and George W. Watkins, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Up to this point the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary have undertaken themselves to deal with the administration of insular affairs, but the questions involved have become so numerous and complicated that it has been found absolutely necessary to call for assistance. This commission will deal with the bestowal of franchises and concessions; the distribution of moneys to be spent in public improvements, and all of the troublesome issues that have arisen, and are likely to arise in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

The new commission is to act entirely within the powers conferred by the Secretary of War, and his sanction will be necessary to give effect to any line of action proposed by the commission.

LOSS OF THE PAUL JONES.

The Missing Yacht Exploded and All on Board Lost.

MOBILE, Ala. (Special).—It was learned here that the missing yacht Paul Jones exploded near Bird Island about two weeks ago. All on board were killed. The Paul Jones had the following pleasure-seekers on board: Joseph Brinkman, of Louisville; Miss Florence Taggart, daughter of Mayor Taggart, of Indianapolis; Miss Marjorie Woodland, daughter of George Woodland, Vice-President of the Prairie State Bank, Chicago; Colonel Harry C. Yocum, of St. Louis, and Miss Florence Yocum, his daughter. The crew consisted of three men, whose names are unknown.

News confirming the loss of the yacht was brought by oyster fishermen, who knew of it for more than a week. The launch exploded, they say, on or about January 6, near Bird Island, and everything goes to show that all on board were killed at once or drowned soon after. The men boarded the yacht and explored her cabin, breaking open the trunks and taking from them a lot of female apparel and keys and whatever other property they discovered on board.

General Ludlow Favors Cuban Loan.

General Ludlow, Governor of the city of Havana, Cuba, favors a loan by the United States to Havana of $10,000,000 for public improvements.

Killed Wife and Himself.

Crazed, it is supposed, by poverty, James Mullen, a former brakeman on the Reading Railway, who was out of work and in poor health, cut his wife's throat with a razor and then his own a few days ago at their home in Philadelphia. Mullen was thirty-one years old and his wife was twenty-eight.

Governor of New South Wales.

Earl Beauchamp has been appointed by the British Government Governor of New South Wales in succession to Viscount Hampden, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony since 1895.

Held For Her Husband's Murder.

Azarian Reckard, aged thirty-seven years, was murdered in bed a few days in the second story front room of his home in Baltimore, Md. His wife, Clementine Reckard, was arrested charged with the crime. The murder was done with a .38-calibre revolver. The bullet which killed him entered the right temple and passed out at the top of the skull. He was also shot in the right jaw. The woman is supposed to have committed the deed as the result of violent jealousy on her part.

The Senator From North Dakota.

Porter J. McCumber, Republican, was elected United States Senator in the joint assembly a few days ago at Bismarck, N. D.

NICARAGUA CANAL BILL

Senate Passes the Measure by an Overwhelming Majority.

THE WATERWAY TO BE NEUTRAL.

The Provisions of the Government's Proposed Agreement With the Maritime Canal Company—Only Six Senators Voted Against the Bill—Cost of the Work is Limited to $115,000,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Senate on Saturday passed the Nicaragua Canal bill. A number of amendments were made to the bill, and there were innumerable short speeches during the day. There was, however, no opposition to a vote when the time came and a roll call developed only six votes in opposition to final passage.

The bill, as it passed, continues the name of the Maritime Canal Company. It provides for the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of stock of $100 each. The canal company is required to call in all the stock issued except that held by the Nicaraguan and Costa Rican Governments. The company is also required to redeem and cancel all bonds and scrip heretofore issued by the company and to satisfy all cash liabilities. To enable the company to comply with this requirement, Treasury warrants to the amount of $5,000,000 are authorized, with a proviso to the effect that only so much of the amount shall be paid as shall be required to pay the usual cash value of the rights, privileges, franchises and property at the time of the payment, the value to be determined by Commissioners to be appointed by the President.

This being done, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to subscribe for 925,000 shares of the company's stock for the Government of the United States. The Board of Directors of the company is to consist of eleven directors, of whom nine are to be appointed by the President of the United States, one by Nicaragua and one by Costa Rica. Directors appointed by the President are not to be interested in any way in any contract connected with the construction or operation of the canal. The directors are each to receive $5000 per year, except the President of the Board, who is to receive $6000.

The company, with the consent and approval of the President of the United States, is authorized to contract with responsible persons, citizens of the United States, for the construction, completion and equipment of the canal within a period of six years from the passage of the act. The work is to be under the constant and immediate supervision of the engineer department of the United States army and is not to exceed in cost $115,000,000, which amount is appropriated out of the Treasury of the United States and made a permanent appropriation.

The neutrality of the canal is to be guaranteed by the United States, and it is to be used by all nations on equal terms as to tolls. By an amendment adopted the President is given the widest power—in the event of the failure of the present canal project —to negotiate for the control of and for the right to construct and perpetually control some other canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific. The President is requested to negotiate for the abrogation of any treaty obligations that may in any way interfere with the ownership and perpetual control of such canal.

The six votes against the bill were cast by Senators Bate (Dem., Tenn.), Caffery (Dem., La.), Cockerell (Dem., Mo.), Mantle (Rep., Mont.), Martin (Dem., Va.), and Smith (Dem., N. J.).

PAYNE SUCCEEDS DINGLEY.

He Is Appointed the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Speaker Reed has appointed Mr. Payne, of New York, to the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee, to succeed the late Mr. Dingley. This carries with it the floor

CONGRESSMAN SERENO E. PAYNE.

leadership of the majority. Mr. Payne is not only the senior and ranking member of the committee, but has been one of its most industrious, able and useful members for nearly ten years.

ARRIVAL OF RUSSIAN QUAKERS.

Two Thousand Settle in Canada to Enjoy the Blessings of Freedom.

HALIFAX, N. S. (Special).—The steamship Lake Huron, with 2000 of the 5000 Russian Quakers who are emigrating to the Canadian Northwest, arrived here a few days ago. The steamer then proceeded to St. John, N. B., where the passengers landed and went by rail to their future home. The Lake Huron had a good passage.

The Doukhobors were greeted by a party of their representatives in America, notably Russian Prince Hickoff. At the sight of the Prince the people on the crowded decks coming to their new western home in search of the same freedom that the Pilgrim Fathers sought broke into a hymn. On the deck the Prince, among the multitude of old men, young men, women and children, led in thanksgiving to the Almighty for the safe voyage. There are many picturesque and interesting characters in the crowd.

FATAL BORDER FAMILY FEUD.

Battle Between Eddys, of Virginia, and Ramseys, of Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—A few days ago, on the line between Lee County, Va., and Hancock County, Tenn., a section remote from the telegraph, a battle occurred between twenty members of the Eddy family, of Virginia, and the Ramsey family, of Tennessee.

The battle lasted several hours, during which a number of men on both sides were killed and injured. A quarrel of long standing resulted in the fight.

Fatal Railroad Collision in Texas.

The westbound limited express of the Southern Pacific Railroad ran into an engine near Lacosta, twenty miles west of San Antonio, Texas, a few days ago. Alonzo Miller, fireman, of San Antonio, was killed, and Robert Nicholson, engineer, was fatally injured. The passengers sustained no serious injury.

Extradition With Brazil.

President McKinley sent to the Senate, Washington, a few days ago a new extradition treaty between this country and Brazil. The treaty is a formal document providing for the exchange of persons charged with offences on the usual lines.

ADELINA PATTI MARRIED.

The Famous Singer Weds Baron Cederstrom in South Wales.

LONDON (By Cable).—Mme. Adelina Patti-Nicolini was married at Brecon, South Wales, on Wednesday to Baron Cederstrom, of Sweden. The band of the South Wales Borderers welcomed the bridal party upon their arrival in the town and the Brecon borough banner headed the procession to the church.

The bridegroom was in the first carriage and was escorted by mace bearers, while Mme. Patti was in the last carriage. She was accompanied by Sir George Faudel-Phillips, ex-Lord Mayor of London, who gave her away. The Mayor and Aldermen of Brecon were present at the ceremony in full uniform. The church was draped throughout with white, pink and blue muslin and decorated with flowers.

After the ceremony the bridal party re-entered carriages and drove to the station, where the bride and bridegroom took a train for Penywylt, from which place they proceeded to London in the Prince of Wales's private car. A wedding breakfast was served on the train. From there they went to the South of France where they are spending their honeymoon.

THE VOTE ON THE TREATY.

It is to Be Taken in the Senate on Monday February 6.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The vote on the peace treaty will be taken Monday, February 6, at 3 o'clock. Unless the sentiment of the Senate undergoes a change the convention will be ratified.

The Senate held two executive sessions on Wednesday, and in each the peace treaty was the subject under discussion. In the first session the time for taking the vote was fixed, and in the second Senator Davis presented the American Commissioners' reasons for the acceptance of the treaty in the form in which it was finally concluded. The agreement for a vote was made in the following language:

"That the Senate agrees to vote on the treaty with Spain and all amendments on Monday, the 6th of February, at 3 o'clock p. m., and that until that time the Senate shall go into executive session on each day at 2 p. m."

This was a unanimous agreement, the terms of which were formulated by Senator Davis in reply to a proposition by the opposition, and as a result of Wednesday's meeting of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

WOMAN THIEF CLUBS SHOPGIRL.

Knocks Her Senseless and Robs Cash Drawer in Newark Candy Store.

NEWARK, N. J. (Special).—Miss Sadie Thornton was sandbagged and seriously injured Wednesday afternoon by a woman.

Miss Thornton was alone in her mother's confectionery store about dusk, when a woman wearing a gray shawl and black alpine hat entered. The woman was about forty years of age, was strongly built, and her hair was slightly streaked with gray.

She asked for some bananas, and as Miss Thornton was mounting a chair to cut them from a bunch hanging near the ceiling she struck her with what is thought to have been a piece of lead pipe wrapped in cloth. The blow landed above the young woman's ear and felled her. A second blow split the girl's lips, blackened her eyes, and rendered her unconscious. When she regained her senses she screamed, and her mother ran into the store. She found her daughter on the floor, covered with blood. The cash drawer had been rifled of the $4 it contained. No trace of the girl's assailant could be found.

OUR DEMAND TO GERMANY.

Requested That Its Officials in Samoa Be Immediately Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—It was admitted at the State Department on Wednesday that instructions had been sent to Ambassador White directing him to represent to the German Government that the German Consul at Apia and the former President of the Municipal Council had, according to the reports of the American and British officers, violated the terms of the treaty of Berlin, urging the German Government to disavow their acts and asking that they be withdrawn from Samoa without delay.

Rear Admiral Kautz has been instructed upon his arrival with the Philadelphia at Apia to investigate the entire Samoan situation and report the facts to the department.

Reinforced by this report, the department will be able to follow up its demands presented to the German Government by Ambassador White, provided the report confirms the dispatches sent by Consul-General Osborne.

WEST VIRGINIA'S NEW SENATOR.

Nathan B. Scott Elected After a Contest of Over Two Weeks.

CHARLESTON, W. Va. (Special).—After a contest of over two weeks Internal Revenue Commissioner Nathan B. Scott was Wednesday afternoon elected United States Senator from West Virginia for the term ending in March, 1900. He will succeed Senator Charles J. Faulkner.

Nathan Bay Scott was born in Guernsey County, Ohio, in 1842. He enlisted in the Union Army and was mustered out in 1865, settled in Wheeling shortly afterward, and went to work as an employe of the Central Glass Company. In a short time he was employed as manager, and soon afterward was elected President of the company. He was elected in 1882 as a member of the State Senate, and again in 1886, serving eight years. President McKinley appointed him in 1896 United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

FOUR TO DIE IN DAWSON.

Respite of Henderson and Three Indians Expires in March.

OTTAWA, Ont. (Special).—Henderson and the three Indians now under sentence of death at Dawson will be executed in March next on the day appointed by Judge Dugas. They were sentenced to be executed by Justice McGuire on November 1 last, but at the request of Crown Prosecutor Sherlman Judge Dugas postponed the execution for twenty-four hours. On November 2 the counsel for Henderson objected to the execution on the ground that his client was, in the eyes of the law, already dead.

Judge Dugas evidently got bewildered, between Crown Prosecutor and Henderson's counsel, and put off the day of execution until March, meantime referring the case to Ottawa. The Government has now decided not to interfere. While a Judge has the power to grant a respite, it is considered that he ought not to have exercised that right in this case.

Dewey on Britain's Imperial Policy.

Mr. Hamilton Brown, editor of the British Realm, London, England, has received a letter from Rear Admiral Dewey in response to a request for an expression of opinion on Great Britain's imperial policy. The Admiral says: "After many years of wandering I have come to the conclusion that the mightiest factor in the civilization of the world is the imperial policy of England."

A Rebellion in Morocco Suppressed.

The imperial forces in Morocco have put down the Tafilet rebellion, beheading the chief rebel's son and other leaders.

Newsy Gleanings.

General Annenkoff, the Russian engineer who built the Trans-Caspian Railway, is dead.

The Russian town of Riga is contemplating an electric railway system to cost $800,000.

A tablet in memory of Ensign Bagley was unveiled at the Naval Academy Chapel at Annapolis, Md.

The Sultan of Turkey has ordered the purchase of 162 Krupp field guns and 30,000 shrapnel shells.

It is reported that owing to the immense mass of documents put in, the Venezuelan arbitration sessions are expected to last for several months.

KING OSCAR ABDICATES.

Sweden's Monarch Retires in Favor of the Crown Prince Gustaf.

NEW RULER A MAN OF IRON WILL.

Illness Forces King Oscar to Lay Aside the Cares of State—He Intrusts the Government of Sweden and Norway Provisionally to His Eldest Son—Character of the Crown Prince.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden (By Cable).—King Oscar, who has reached his seventieth year, has provisionally placed the reins of government in the hands of his eldest son, the Crown Prince Gustaf.

While it is generally reported that the abdication of the King, who has been in feeble health for more than two years, is only temporary, those nearest at court who are in a position to know the state of affairs, declare that he will never again return to the throne.

CROWN PRINCE GUSTAF OF SWEDEN.

The step was taken by orders of the court physicians, who claim that, though some improvements have been manifested since the last serious illness in December, further participation in public affairs would prove fatal.

The regime of King Oscar has been characterized by a spirit of peace and kindness. His subjects love to refer to him as one of nature's noblemen, a Swede to the core, intensely patriotic and ambitious to ameliorate the condition of the poorer classes within his domain.

Crown Prince Gustaf, who has assumed the government, is in many respects the very antithesis of his illustrious father. He is a man with an iron will, and it is believed that what, on account of innate goodness, King Oscar could not accomplish, namely, the quelling of the seditious spirit in Norway, Prince Gustaf will accomplish by force if necessary.

Crown Prince Gustaf was born in June, 1858. His wife is the Princess Victoria of Baden, a lady of remarkable linguistic accomplishments and a leader in all charitable movements.

King Oscar has already left Stockholm and will spend the balance of the winter in Saltoja, Baden.

DR. HILLIS ACCEPTS THE CALL.

He Will Succeed the Rev. Lyman Abbott as Pastor of Plymouth Church.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, of Chicago, who was called to the pulpit of Plymouth Church made vacant by the resignation of the Rev. Lyman Abbott, the successor of Henry Ward Beecher, has accepted and will be-

REV. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS.
(New pastor of the famous Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.)

gin active work in the famous old Brooklyn church early in March. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis is not yet forty years of age. He was only thirty-six when he was called to the pulpit of the Central Church in Chicago, formerly occupied by the Rev. Dr. David Swing. Dr. Hillis's success in Chicago has been remarkable. His church has been the most popular one in that city since he took the pastorate, the crowds at the Sunday services being even greater than during the incumbency of Dr. Swing.

Kept a Deathbed Promise to Wed.

Robert M. Keller was married at Mascoutah, Ill., a few days ago, to the widow of his brother, Henry, who died two years ago. On his deathbed Henry exacted a promise from Robert to take care of his wife and business. Robert also promised to marry Henry's widow if his own wife should die. She did die a few months ago and Robert was able to fulfill all the promises made to his dying brother.

Schooner and Eleven Men Lost.

The British schooner Leader is a total loss at Mosers River, on the Nova Scotia Coast. Captain James Silver and the crew of ten men have met death. The identity of the vessel was discovered by a piece of a sleeping berth cast up on the shore which bore the name of John Westhaver of Lunenberg. Mr. Westhaver was on the Leader two years ago, and cut his name on the board in front of the berth. The schooner left Newfoundland with a cargo of frozen herring. The Leader, which was of ninety-nine tons burden, was owned by Captain Silver and Lunenberg parties. The crew all belonged in Lunenberg.

The Labor World.

Twenty-six thousand men are employed at the Krupp gunworks in Germany.

San Francisco (Cal.) labor unions are agitating the building of a labor temple.

Colorado labor unions have elected twenty-two of their members to the State Legislature.

Judge Wentworth, of Boston, has decided that a laboring man has a lien against a municipality for work done on the streets.

The remaining five per cent. of the out in wages of the employes of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad made in August, 1893, has been restored. The other half was restored last July.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.			
Average daily receipts of the week.			
fluid milk, cans			25,540
Condensed milk, cans			140
Cream, cans			493
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras, ₩	—	@	19
Firsts	17½	@	18½
Thirds to seconds	14	@	17
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	17½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	17
Imitation Creamery	13	@	16½
Factory, fresh firsts	13½	@	13¾
Low grades	12	@	12½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10¼
Small	11	@	11¼
Part skims, good to prime	6¼	@	6¾
Full skims	3½	@	4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	19
State and Penn—Fresh	18	@	18½
Western—Choice	17½	@	18
Southern—Choice	17	@	17½
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 47½	@	1 50
Medium, 1898	1 30	@	1 32½
Pea, choice, 1898	1 25	@	1 27½
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 77½
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 85	@	1 90
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., ₩ 60 lbs	2 30	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	—	@	92½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ₩ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Baldwin,

...Children.
...Have Always Bought
...s the
Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Beautiful Bull.

The foreman of a grand jury in the west of Ireland had been presented for some public service with a gold watch, of which he was very proud, and as he displayed it at a dinner of the grand jury, bets were made by members as to whose watch was most accurate. At last some one suggested that it was impossible to decide.

"Oh," said the foreman, "there's no difficulty about that! There's a sundial in the garden, and we'll take a lantern and decide the bets that way."—Exchange.

A King and a Guinea Pig.

The late Rev. Charles Spurgeon, in reading out a list of subscribers to one of his charities, made running comments and jokes as he went on that kept the audience in great good humor. Coming to a Mr. King who had given 5 shillings, he said, "There's a king who has given his crown." Coming next to a Mr. Pigg, who had given a guinea, he exclaimed, "There's a guinea pig!"—London Tit-Bits.

"De trouble 'bout advice," said Uncle Eben, "is dat de man who has made a big noff success in life is gin'rally too busy ter stop an give lessons."—Washington Star.

The republic of Guatemala has over 16,000 saloons and taverns. In the country districts there is one to every 82 inhabitants; in the towns one to every 52.

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Brown' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Orlental and Dowbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morchead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. R. & W. R. R., President street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line for further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of,

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All. kinds of Cabinet Work done.

WOOD FOR SALE.

I am prepared to furnish Wood Green or Dry, and Sawed if wanted. Will sell by the load or cord and deliver in any part of the city. My yard is at the late W. J. Griffin place on North Road street.

W. F. JENNINGS.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 699 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 24 years, in the drug business, have ... that gave such universal satisfaction ... Yours truly, ... & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Democratic majority of the General Assembly have been busy the past week in "fixing things" so as to give their machine supreme control, not only of the State, but of every county and town in it. For every Republican county special acts are passed for this purpose, and the charter of every Republican town are arbitrarily altered to accomplish the the same end. As we have already stated, in their lust for all the offices they are "over-doing the job." A reaction among the fair-minded people will surely follow:

Already over 700 bills have been introduced. No final action has yet been taken on the Election and "Jim Crow" car bill. Among those passed affecting the general public are: To re-organize and take charge of the Penitentiary, changing the name to State Prison and adding twelve new directors, with a executive committee of three; to amend the Code removing disabilities of married women as to real estate; to appoint a joint committee with plenary powers to investigate the affairs of the Penitentiary; to repeal chapter 51, laws of 1897, as to fishing in Albemarle Sound; to provide the manner in which foreign corporations shall become domestic; to amend the Code concerning sale of land by the Clerk of the Court; to provide for the amercements of sheriff for failure to return papers issued by a magistrate; to enable caveates to bring suit on a will without bond if he is a pauper.

AN AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.

The Americanism of the Tribune was clearly demonstrated in the support which it gave the national administration during the war with Spain and the annexation of Hawaii. Its broad views and its labor for the advancement of every American interest are among the marked characteristics of that newspaper, and have won for it the respect of men of all parties. To the honor of the Tribune, be it said, that no man is less useful or influential in his town or county because he reads that newspaper. On the other hand, he is likely to be a patriotic and well-informed man. Noteworthy features of The Tribune is the space devoted to women, and to recipts, fashions, women's ways and the sentiments which should rule the home. The Weekly Tribune remains, as for two generations past, the best general newspaper of its class in the United States. The improvements made during the past year in the Semi-Weekly Tribune, however, are remarkable. Its illustrated supplement, which, is sent with each Friday's issue, has proved especially attractive. We would call the reader's attention to the prospectus which appears in another column.

A DEAD ISSUE SAYS CROKER

Richard Croker, the great New York Tammany leader, says that the "16 to 1 question is a dead issue." He also says that McKinley's election brought good times. He is right in both. But Croker is not running the Democratic party of the country. He condemns Bryan, Jones, Bailey and other Western and Southern Chieftians of that organization, but as these men are going to be permitted to lead the party to a defeat more sweeping and ruinous than was that of 1896, his wise consel is vain. Croker, of couse, represents Eastern Democratic sentiment, but the Western and Southern workers are in control of the Democracy's machine, and will force it into one more disaster.

In order to get full control of the Republican counties the Legislature is passing special bills to increase the number of County Commissioners, who may, if they desire, reject the bonds of the present Republican and Populist county officials and declare the offices vacant and elect their successors. The idea of placing these men in positions to defeat the legally expressed will of the people is outrageous, to say the least.

The Newberne Journal, Democratic, rises to say: Judging from the reports of the proceedings thus far, it would seem that the present legislature was elected upon the personal merit and popularity of its individual members, and that they were responsible to themselves only, and not to their constituents.

After next March 4th the United States Senate will be Republican by about eighteen majority, with scarcely a possibility of being made Democratic until 1904. That means security for the country from mischievous legislation for at least that length of time.

The treasury estimate of the population of the United States is 75, 330,000, and the amount of money in circulation is $1,897,301,422. These figures speak well for the expansion of the past.

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC.

It is impracticable to issue an Almanac worthy of the name before the first of January, because there are certain important and necessary statistics which cannot be officially obtained before that date. What Whitaker's is abroad, The Tribune Almanac is in America. The number for 1899, a copy of which lies before us, is one of the largest ever issued by The Tribune, containing 352 pages and having a variety of new and interesting features. For a man who has occasion to refer in the course of a year, to some book of reference for public statistics, the platforms of parties, the names and salaries of Government and State officials, and returns of the recent election in the several States and Territories, there is no more valuable correct information than the Tribune Almanac. It also contains data of special interest to women. Among the new features we observe a complete History of the Cause and Progress of the War with Spain, including Treaty of Joint Commission in Paris; showing every incident in battle, etc.; History of the Annexation of Hawaii; Proceedings of the Canada-United-States Conference; the names and salaries of government officials, and a thousand other things of equal interest which a business man has need of for quick and reliable information. Don't fail to send 25 cents to this paper or the New York Tribune, and get a Tribune Almanac for 1899.

At the beginning of the Legislature the "impression," for public effect, went out in the Democratic papers that six pages and five labores only would be used by that body. But what are the facts? After the Legitlature had been in session for about two weeks there were twelve pages and eleven laborers.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Jan. 27, 1899.

Senator Davis promptly called the opposition bluff, by asking the unamious consent of the Senate to vote on the treaty of peace February 6, and the opposition having committed itself could do nothing but agree. The treaty will be ratified with votes to spare, as it is known that a number of Senators who promised Senator Gorman their aid in trying to get the treaty amended will vote for ratification. So this is likely to be another instance of the bluffer being beat at his own game.

The finding of the Eagan court-martial, now sitting in Washington, will not be made public until it has been reviewed by President McKinley. Gen. Eagan pleaded not guilty, although acknowledging that he used the language upon which the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman is based, and asked immunity under the President's promise that no witness before the War Investigating Commission should be punished for his testimony. The plea is not regarded as a valid one, because abuse of his superior officer is not considered testimony.

The House is having quite a lively time discussing the Hull bill for the incease of the regular army, which is to be voted upon next Tuesday It will certainly be passed. The Democrats have been saying some very foolish things about the danger of a nation of 75,00 ,000 people having a standing army of 100,000 men, and one Republican—Johnson, of Indiana has agreed with them. Mr. Johnson is the same man who was so roundly hissed last spring, for making a speech against the war with Spain. He seems to be one of those peculiarly constituted individuals who enjoys belonging to a party and differing with it and its leaders upon all important questions. He is one of the best orators in the House, but his constituents have not appreciated his ability, as he will retire to private life at the expiration of this Congress. A man who cannot talk so well, but who will act better will make a better Representative.

Representative Clark, of Iowa, who has introduced a bill providing that no polygamist shall be allowed to be a member of either brauch of Congress, is very much in earnest in his efforts to get action upon his bill, which is now in the hands of the House Judiciary Committee. The bill is especially aimed at Representative-elect Roberts, of Utah, and Mr. Clarke insists that now is the time to pass the bill, because it can be done without any element of retroactive legislation. In answer to the argument that his bill, if enacted into law, would be unconstitutional, Mr. Clarke said: "If Congress cannot constitutionally make the enabling act, by the acceptance of which Utah came into the Union, and which placed polygamy and polygamists outside of the Federal relation, but impossible inside of it."

Representative McClellan, of New York, one of the Demoerats of the House who are supporting the Hull bill for the increase of the regular army, in a speech in favor of that measure paid a high and deserved tribute to the regular soldier, ending with this quotation:

"And to God be the thanks
For the men in the ranks,
Let the line be black or white,
For the men at arms who stand on
And kee p the flag in sight." [guard,

She Married Him Anyhow.

A convict at a French penal settlement who was undergoing a life sentence desired to marry a female convict, such marriages being of common occurrence. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross examine the prisoner. "Did you not marry in France?" He said, "Yes." "And your wife is dead?" "She is." "Have you any documents to show that she is dead?" "No." "Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead." There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked anxiously at the would be groom. Finally he said, "I can prove that my former wife is dead." "How?" "I was sent here for killing her." And the bride accepted him notwithstanding.—Denver Times.

Lincoln on the Two Plans.

No one ever made a better argument in favor of Protection to American labor than was made by Abraham Lincoln fifty years ago. Said Mr. Lincoln: "I do not pretend to know much about the Tariff question, but we are importing from Europe a great deal of railway rails and paying gold for them. If we but, say, fifty tons of foreign rails at $20 per ton, for a mile of iron rails we pay the European workmen $2,500 of gold and get the metal. That is the Democratic plan, The Republican plan is different. It is for those rails to be made, say, in Pittsburgh. Then our workmen get the gold and we have the rails besides and they pay out that money to other Americans for food, clothing and other necessaries and comforts of life. Which policy, gentlemen, do you think is best for the good of this country, the Democratic or the Republican? For my part, I prefer the Republican policy."

Stopped the Paper.

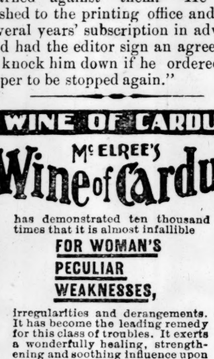
"Once upon a time," says the Houtzdale (Pa.) Journal, "a man got mad at the editor and stopped the paper. In a few weeks he sold his corn at 4cts less than the market price. Then his property was sold for taxes because he didn't read the Sheriff's sale. He paid $10 for a lot of forged notes that had been advertised two weeks and the public warned against them. He then rushed to the printing office and paid several years' subscription in advance and had the editor sign an agreement to knock him down if he ordered his paper to be stopped again."

WINE OF CARDUI

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

has demonstrated ten thousand times that it is almost infallible

FOR WOMAN'S PECULIAR WEAKNESSES,



irregularities and derangements. It has become the leading remedy for this class of troubles. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence upon the menstrual organs. It cures "whites" and falling of the womb. It stops flooding and relieves suppressed and painful menstruation. For Change of Life it is the best medicine made. It is beneficial during pregnancy, and helps to bring children into homes barren for years. It invigorates, stimulates, strengthens the whole system. This great remedy is offered to all afflicted women. Why will any woman suffer another minute with certain relief within reach? Wine of Cardui only costs $1.00 per bottle at your drug store.

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Rev. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S.C., says: "My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI

Two Sides to the Picture.

A man in one of the western counties recently was cursing the fusionists and saying they had not passed a single good law. He was asked how about the election law and the six per cent. interest law and some others. This man is a merchant and has made an assignment and paid off his debts with 50c in the dollar. He ought to have been asked how he liked the assignment act which got through by the slight of hand, allowing no preferred creditors.—Caucasian.

The Kidney Complexion.

The pale, sallow, sunken-cheecked, distressed-looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion."

Their kidneys are turning to a parsnip color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervnus exhaustion and sometimes the heart acts badly.

The cause is weak and unhealthy kidneys.

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the symptoms are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney-poisoned blood; clear their complexion and soon they will enjoy better health.

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store, at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp-Root, by sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent to you absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in the North Carolinian.

In Memory of Ensign Bagley.

The memorial tablet placed in the Naval Academy chapel at Annapolis in memory of Ensign Worth Bagley, who was killed on the Winslow in the late war, was unveiled last week in the presence of a large number of naval officers and others. Lieut, John B. Bernadon, who commanded the Winslow, raised the veiling. Mr. Bagley's mother was present.

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with evfry means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Beef, our druggist recommended Electric Bitters, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured. I now take pleasure in recommending them to any person uffering from this terrible malady I am gratefulle yours, M. A. Hogaty Lexington, Ky." Sold by A. Wads worth, druggist.

DEEP SEA WATER.

At One Thousand Fathoms Its Pressure Is a Ton to the Square Inch.

When marine life began to command notice, the question of the depth to which life could extend divided scientific thought into warring camps. About 1840, it was generally believed that the bathymetrica limit was about 300 fathoms, and some strange ideas were current as to the physical condition of water when under a pressure such as a depth of two miles would produce. It was thought that skeletons of drowned men, or even heavy cannon and the "wedges of gold" that popular imagination places in the sea, floated at certain levels, beneath which is water so compressed as to be impenetrable. In fact, water is almost incompressible, and the weight of a cubic inch of it at the depth of a mile is very little more than at the surface, but it was assumed that no living being could survive a pressure which at 1,000 fathoms is about a ton to the square inch.

We ourselves live under a pressure of about 15 pounds per inch, and are unaware of it. Indeed we sometimes waken on a morning when the barometer has risen, say, half an inch during the night, and consequently find ourselves sustaining an increased pressure of several tons not only without suffering, but with a positive feeling of buoyancy and good spirits. On the other hand, if the tremendous pressure under which we live be relieved as by a surgical "cup," severe injury may follow. Aeronauts suffer from this cause, and marine animals dredged from great depth often reach the surface in a most lamentable condition, with eyes protruding and viscera distended.—Dr. C. M. Blackford, Jr., in North American Review.

Not Reassuring.

That an answer may be cheerful and yet far from reassuring is once more proved out of the mouth of a young Irishman.

He was acting as guide to a party of Americans who, in the course of a day's excursion during their visit to Ireland, were wandering over a picturesque, deserted castle.

"It seems very unsafe," said one of the party, as they groped and stumbled along a dark passage. "These floors are loose, I know."

"Yes," said another timid person, "and I wish I could see the blue sky above me. This seems like a dungeon, not a ruin!"

"Is it the blue sky ye'd be seein, miss?" said the voice of the guide, some feet in advance. "Why, may the saints preserve ye for an innocent! It's the roof, an nowt else, that kapes the walls together, miss!"—Youth's Companion.

A Mystery Explained.

On a certain hot summer day a celebrated naturalist entertained a company of distinguished savants at dinner, at the conclusion of which they all went out in the garden.

In the center of the grounds there stood on a pedestal a large glass globe. One of the guests happened to touch this globe, and found, to his amazement, that it was warmer on the shady side than on the side turned to the sun. He communicated his discovery to the guests, who at once proceeded to verify the statement.

What could be the cause?

An animated discussion ensued, in the course of which every imaginable law of physics was made to account for the strange paradox. At length our scientists agreed that it must be so owing to the laws of reflection, repulsion or exhalation or some other law of physics with a long name.

The host was, however, not quite convinced, and, calling the gardener, he said to him:

"Pray tell us why the globe is warmer on the shady side than on the side turned to the sun?"

The man replied:

"Because just now I turned it round for fear of its cracking with the great heat."—London Tit-Bits.

Primitive Artillery.

As to the character of the first instrument for the throwing of missiles and just when it was invented we have no certain knowledge, but it must have been at an early date, for we read in Genesis x, 9, that "Nimrod was a mighty hunter before the Lord," and surely the skill that has kept his name in remembrance for thousands of years must have been gained by the use of some surer weapon than the clubs or stone knives of primitive man.

Without doubt man early learned how much execution can be done by a well aimed stone, and attempts to hurl it with greater force and accuracy probably led to the invention of the sling, one of the simplest as well as most formidable of these early weapons. It was long one of the principal instruments of war among the ancients, and the story of David and Goliath is a good illustration of what could be done by one skilled in its use. This skill, however, could be acquired only by early and careful training.

In the Balearic islands, it is said, in ancient times the parents suspended the dinner of their boys upon poles and required them to bring it down with slings before they were allowed to eat.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Stories of Curran.

Curran could say mordant and cutting things, but perhaps no man was ever insulted with such dialectical neatness and ingeniousness as Curran was by the famous maker of "bulls," Sir Boyle Roche, in the Irish house of commons. "The honorable gentleman says he is the guardian of his own honor," said Roche in reply to a speech of Curran, "but on the other occasions I have heard him bonst that he was an enemy of sinecures."

Curran was defeated in a conversational contest with Lady Morgan, the Irish novelist, one evening in that lady's drawing room, when, exaggerating the prevailing fashion in short sleeves, she wore merely straps over her shoulders. Curran was walking away from the little party who witnessed the conflict of the two wits when Lady Morgan called out, "Ah, come back, Mr. Curran, and acknowledge that you are fairly beaten." "At any rate," said he, turning round, "I have this consolation, Lady Morgan, that you can't laugh at me in your sleeve."

SORE LUNGS

Sore lungs, pain in the chest and painful breathing, the fore-runners of pneumonia, are quickly relieved and cured by the old reliable Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup. It breaks up a cold in one night. Try it at once.

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Write for catalogue. Address S. L. SHEEP, President.

July In North Greenland.

The fierce July sun, though but a little past the northern meridian, beat down upon me with oppressive warmth. Before me the warm, red brown landscape wavered and trembled in the yellow light. Behind me towered the blinding white slope of the ice. Beneath my feet the stones were bare even of lichens and had a dry, gray look, as if they were the bones of a dead world. And yet I felt that with so much of warmth and richness of coloring there must be life, and, sure enough, hardly had I gone 100 yards from the edge of the ice when a beautiful little black and white songster fluttered up from behind a rock, hovered singing almost within reach above my head and then settled upon a bleak stone but a few feet distant to finish his merry song.

As I went on, numbers of these snow buntings flitted about me, and hardly had I gone a mile before my heart beat quicker at the sight of traces of musk oxen. As I got farther away from the ice and in the lee of the gigantic moraines and tumuli of glacial debris, flowers began to appear, purple and white and yellow, among them my ever present brilliant yellow friend, the arctic poppy. — Peary's "Northward Over the Great Ice."

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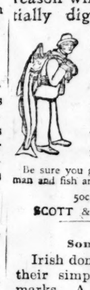

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Irish domestics are widely noted for their simplicity and their quaint remarks. A lady, desiring to make the most of her choice tap of table beer, the merits of which her servants had discovered, for it disappeared rapidly, thus addressed her Irish butler: "Daly, what do you think would be the best thing to do in order to save this beer as much as possible?" "Well, ma'am," replied the butler, "I don't think you could do better than to place a barrel of good strong ale close by the side of it."

An Irish girl called at a house in London in answer to an advertisement for a general servant. "Have you a character?" asked the mistress. "Indeed, ma'am, I'm sorry to say I've no character. I had a beautiful wan whin I left Ireland, but I losht it the night I crassed over to Holyhead in the steamer," was the laconic reply.

An Irish manservant was discovered in a lie. On being accused by his master of stating what was not the truth, he excused himself by saying, "Please, sur, I lost my prisence of mind."—London Standard.

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A transgression in which you can not lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intesinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

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....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

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The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers.

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During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors.

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CLUBS.

Any reader who may find it convenient to raise a club of subscribers for The Semi-Weekly Tribune is invited to do so, and to send to this office for sample copies, etc.

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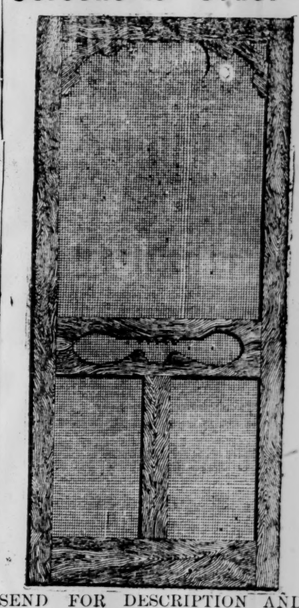

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Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, February 2, 1899.

☞Be patient.

☞Time will tell.

☞Its' a Capitol joke.

☞We'll see what we'll see.

☞The Northern ice crop promises to be unusually large

☞See advertisement of "Vick's Seed" in another column.

☞Bradstreets speaks encouragingly of the cotton, grain and lumber outlook.

☞General Prosperity is one of the line officers who will not be mustered out this year.

☞The bill to authorize Elizabeth City to issue bonds for public impovements has passed.

☞Already one month of the new year has passed. Are you living up to your good resolutions?

☞At Rosedale on the 26th ult. Mr. Charles Sawyer and Miss Ollie Brothers were united in wedlock.

☞A bill has been introduced in the Legislature to protect the people from Court House Rings, but it was tabled.

☞The predictions of weather prophets about the weather of January came true. They tell us that a hard winter is yet before us.

☞The adage that things come to him who waits," doesn't always prove true. We have known people waitfor an office that never came.

☞Mr. I. M. Meekins and family have left Elizabeth City and located at Palmyra, Halifax county, where he is interested in a large plantation.

☞Thanks to the friends in different parts of the District who have written us expressing their "gladness" that we are able to be at our post again.

☞The CAROLINIAN'S advice to every young man is: Fix a point that you want to reach, concentrate all your faculties to the task of reaching it, and it there is anything in you, you'll get there.

☞Now the Democrats are about to legislature Fish Commissioner Theo. White out of office A score of hungry "party workers" want the job. He makes a capable and efficient officer, but that don't count with the now dominant crowd.

☞In reply to an inquiry: "How many votes did Josh L. Whedbee and Tom Babb, independant candidates for Congress and Senator receives?" We will state that the former received 99 votes and the latter not one!

☞A copy of "Omega," a Health Magazine, is on our table. It is filled with both valuable and interesting matter. It includes among its contributors some of the brightest and most progressive minds of the age. Published monthly at $1 a year. Address Omega Pub. Co., 1562 Broadway, New York.

☞The following notice was recevied during our illness and was mislaid:

—DIED:—On Dec. 4, 1898, Civility Creef, the beloved wife of Jas. W. Creef, of East Lake, Dare County, N. C., aged 43 years.

Tired of life she went to meet
Her child upon the Golden street.

☞We asked a quite prominent Democrat the other day if he could tell us the main features of the proposed new Town Charter. He replied that he could not; that he had not seen it nor been consulted about it. We understand that the same is true of a number of other Democrats and and prominent citizens

☞We learn that the oyster tongers, or a majority of them in the upper portion of Hyde, favor dredging because they know to stop dredging means no oyster market and for this reason they favor dredging. In the lower portion of Hyde where they sell oysters to Virginia and Maryland boats they are opposed to dredging.

☞Senator Pritchard has secured a favorable report from the Senate Committee on Pensions which will place several thousand North Carolinians on the pension roll. He is asking for an appropriation of $10,000 to enable the Secretary of War to gather information concerning Confederate Cemeteries and as to the number of Confederate dead buried in private Cemeteries.

☞A copy of the Eighth Annual Report of the Board of Railroad Companies of North Carolina for the year ending December 31st, 1898, is on our table. It is a comprehensive report, embracing a statement of all the businesss transacted by the railroads of the State, together with that of the telegraph, telephone and steamboats; also the valuation of the property of each as assessed for taxation.

☞Every town has a liar or two; a smart aleck; some pretty girls; more loafers than it needs; a woman or two that tattles; an old fogy that the town would be better off without; men who stand on the street corners and make remarks about the women; a man who laughs an idiotic laugh every time he says anything; scores of men with the caboose of their trousers worn smooth as glass; men who can tell you all about how the war question should be settled, the weather, and how to run other people's business, but who have made a dismal failnre of their own.

☞Every mother has the best boy; the worst boy invaribly belongs next door.

☞A man isn't old so long as he can take pleasure in estimating how much money he will save "next year."

☞WANTED—A neat and intelligent young man, one acquainted with the business community of Elizabeth City preferred. Address The J. Marcus Co., 12 S. Fourth St., Phila., Pa.

☞Labor is a good cure for melancholy. We seldom hear of a laborer traveling the suicide route.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞When one examines into the success of the fortunate, one is often astonished to find that they deserved it.

☞Make but few explanations. The character that cannot defend itself is not worth vidicating,

☞The charity that hastens to proclaim its good deeds ceases to be charity, and is only pride and ostentation.

☞FOR SALE.—Handsome pony, faeton and harness. Faeton, comparatively new, harness in good condition, pony warrented sound and kind. The outfit will be sold reasonable as owner has no further need for it. Apply to R. W. Berry and examine it.

☞Attempt the end and never stand to doubt; nothing so hard but search will find it out,

☞The lie indirect is often as bad and always meaner and more cowardly than the lie direct.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞In Denmark it is the law that all drunken persons shall be taken to their homes in carriages provided at the expense of the publican who sold them the last glass.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞Occupation is one of the great sources of enjoyment. No man, properly occueied, was ever miserable.

☞The American Theatre Company, which is to appear here next week, is one of the best popular price attractions on the road. They present at 15, 25 and 35 cents a continuous performance of comedy, drama, vaudeville and music. The scenic effects and accessaries are all bright and new, and the stage settings show the handiwork of a master hand.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufecture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, NC.

☞Whenever the human eye is threatened with injury, the eyelids close involuntarily. If a man had to think before shutting his eyes on such occasions, he would be too slow to save his eye.

Everybody Says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

☞If you have anything to do, do it well. Reflect before commencing and do it as well as possible. Do it as if it were the only thing that you have to do in your life, and as if al depended on it. Then your work will be well done and will procure for you true satisfa ct ten much depends on the manner with which the apparently trivial duties are done. Do well all that you do, and you will see that it will contribute to your happiness and to the happiness of others.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 7:05 and will set to-night at 5:49.—Silence is sometimes the severest criticism.—Mr. Jacob Salomonsky has been off on a visit to relatives and friends in Norfolk.—Ignorance hurts less than the knowledge of things we don't know.—Mrs. G. Benson Ferebee accompanied by Mrs. Cason Ferebee, both of Norfolk, are visiting the family of Mr. W. J. Woodley on Main street, The latter will return to her home in to-day.—The most highest peaks catch the first and last sunshine.—Mr. Walter Burton and bride, of Counecticut, are visiting his mother, Mrs. H. C. Godfrey, on South Road street.—Brevity may be the soul of wit, but there is no fun in being short—The Feminine Observer says that men's gallantry is very much like that of the ro ster that calls the hens around him and then eats the worm.—Mrs. Beaulah Hill. of Berkley, Va., is visiting friends here. —The small courtesis sweeten life; the greater enno le it.—Saith the Rhymster:

This year should be a bargain,
For reasons you'll divine;
It looks like 1900
Marked down to '99.

—Discontent is the want of self-reliance; it is infirmity of will.—Mrs. George M. Scott is having a nice dwelling erected on her lot near the Presbyterian Church on Road street. —A word to the wise may be sufficient, but they seldom get off that easily.—On Saturday morning the ground was covered with the "beautiful snow," and it continued falling throughout the day. The merry jingle of sleighbells were heard.—"Yes," remarked a young man, "I was awfully fond of that girl, and I thought her to be perfect, but I saw something about her last night that made me tired." Upon being asked: "What was that?" he replied: "Another fellow's arm-"—A fire in what is known as "Butt-town," destroyed four small dellings on Thursday night, two of them unoccupied and the others by colored families of people. —It's a poor rule that won't work both ways, but its a poorer one that won't work at all.—A Wooer thus states how he was cured:

'Twas the hair of the dog,
Yes, sir, my heart's free,
She kissed her blamed poodle,
And then she kissed me!

—The Albemarle Fire Company's Band and Naval Reserves are arranging for a Bazaar. We understand that a number of our young ladies are working to get everything in readiness. May it be a grand success.—Miss Mary Riddick, of Hertford, is visiting the family of Mr. J. B. Flora on Main street.—"What is raised mostly in damp countries?" asked the teacher. "Umbrellas," replied little Benny.—Our oyster dealers complain that the boats do not keep them fully supplied.—E. F. Lamb, esq., has returned from Raleigh, where he spent a couple of weeks defending his Ferry franchise before the Legislature. He won.—Cupid is said to be blind to everything save the golden eagle.—The following is contributed:

"Help one another," a penny said
To another penny round and red;
"Nobody'll care for me alone,
But we'll stick together,
And will grow in time
To a nickel or even a silver dime."

—Mrs. Lutz, a well-know and industrious crippled old lady met with an unfortunate accideut the other day from a fall which may disable her for life. Her needs are being looked after.—The pill of adversity is never sugar-coated.—There appears to be a great lack of harmony in the local Democratic wig-wam.—Fine oysters in market.—Speight & Bell are neatly fitted up at their new quarters on Water street. Their's is the leading Restaurant of the city.—Mrs. Lorana G. Price, formerly of this city but now of Buffalo, N. Y., is here on a visit.—Dr. J. H. White leaves on the 7th inst. to attend the meeting of the Dental Association at New Orleans. —The first meeting of Creditors of Geo. W. Cobb, in Bankruptcy, meet the Referee here to-day.—Rev. J. Paul Spence has purchased the Albemarle House and will eonvert it into a Baptist Boarding School. The price was $8,000.—The Constable gives notice to all who have not paid their Corporation taxes that they are over due and must be paid.—The Misses Penick gave a very pleasant party at their home on Upper Main street.—The general health of the County was never better, there being very few cases of sickness.—Shad and herring are beginning to make their appeaeance in our market.—The venerable Mr. W. C. Mercer, on Ehrighnause street, is quite ill.

FEATHERED BAROMETERS.

Sailors Warned by Them of a Coming Storm.

While a British brig was gliding smoothly along before a good breeze in the south Pacific a flock of small birds about the size, shape and color of parrakeets settled down in the rigging and passed an hour or more of resting. The second mate was so anxious to find out the species to which the visiting strangers belonged that he tried to entrap a specimen, but the birds were too shy to be thus caught and too spry to be seized by the quick hands of the sailors. At the end of about an hour the birds took the brig's course and disappeared, but toward nightfall they came back and passed the night in the maintop.

The next morning the birds flew off again, and when they returned at noon the sailors scattered some food about the decks. By this time the birds had become so tame that they hopped about the decks, picking up the crumbs. That afternoon an astonishing thing happened. The flock came flying swiftly toward the brig. Every bird seemed to be piping as if pursued by some little invisible enemy on wings, and they at once huddled down behind the deckhouse. The superstitious sailors at once called the captain of the brig, who rubbed his eyes and looked at the barometer. A glance showed that something was wrong with the elements, and the brig was put in shape to outride a storm.

The storm came about 20 minutes after the birds had reached the vessel. For a few minutes the sky was like the waterless bottom of a lake—a vast arch of yellowish mud—and torrents of rain fell. Why it did not blow very hard no one knows, but on reaching port two days later the captain learned that a great tornado had swept across that part of the sea. The birds left the vessel on the morning after the storm and were not seen again.—Maryland Bulletin.

Living In Manila.

Living in Manila, says Joseph Earle Stevens in McClure's Magazine, is dirt cheap—if you are not fond of tinned peas and asparagus, that come from France and Germany.

"Our cook got 40 cents per diem to supply our table with an entire dinner for four people, and for 5 cents extra he would decorate the cloth with orchids and put peas in the soup. As a servant, the native is satisfactory if you have enough of him. He takes bossing well, and you can punch his head if things go wrong. In fact, he rather expects it than otherwise, and does not put his arms akimbo and march out of the house when you mildly suggest that the quality of ants in the cake was not up to standard. For ants are everywhere, and unless the legs of your dining table and cook stove stand in cups of kerosene, the ants will be apt to eat the dinner before you do.

"For wages, these boys—and they are called boys till they die—get some $4 a month, and on this salary my own servant paid 10 per cent to the government, supported a wife and two children, bought all his own food and ran a fighting cock. I don't know how much he stole, but he used sometimes to call on me for an advance, saying that he needed funds to bury some relative. At first I was touched at his loss, but later on, when he tried to bury his mother twice over, I found it necessary to keep a record of the family tree in order not to be led into paying an advance on the cost of two funerals for the same person."

Inside of a Molecule.

The New South Wales government analyst, William M. Hamlet, delivered the presidential address in the section of chemistry at the recent meeting of the Australian Association For the Advancement of Science, the subject being "The Molecular Mechanism of an Electrolyte."

He defined an electrolyte as a body in solution or state of fusion, capable of being instanteously decomposed by a current of electricity, and he claimed that if the explanation he offered was adequate for the electrolyte it must hold good for the constitution of the matter in the universe, so that the treatise on the electrolyte has a most important scientific bearing. The method of investigating the action of one body upon any other, he reminded his audience, was brought to a high degree of accuracy by the immortal work of Sir Isaac Newton. He alluded to some observations of the late Professor Clifford, made over 20 years ago, this authority remarking, almost prophetically, "We can look forward to the time when the structure and motions in the inside of a molecule will be so well known that some future Kant or Laplace will be able to make an hypothesis about the history and formation of matter."—Naturo.

Sore Throat

Sore throat and constant coughing indicate an affection of the bronchial tubes which may develop into pleurisy or inflammation of the lungs. Do not wait; but use Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup at once and be cured.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC!

—THREE NIGHTS ONLY—

Commencing Monday, **FEB. 6,**

MATINEE WEDNESDAY

AMERICAN THEATRE CO.

—INCLUDING—

LESTER WALTER,

Presenting the following Repertoir of Great Success:

"The Prince of Russia."
"Love and War"—Counterfeiters.
"The Black Eagle."
"The Battle of Life."
"The Fatal Wedding."
"The Scarlet Circle."
"The United States Mail."

Special Scenery, Magnificent Costumes, Sparkling Specialties.

Prices 15, 25 and 35c., Advance sale at

Selig's Jewelry Store.

Monday Night,

"THE PRINCE OF RUSSIA."

VICK'S SEEDS

Bulbs and Plants have gone to thousands of satisfied Customers for a half century and to celebrate the 50th year in business we have issued a Special Golden Wedding Edition of

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

which is a work of art. It has 24 pages lithographs in colors, 4 pages souvenir, and nearly 100 pages filled with handsome half-tone illustrations of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Fruits, etc., elegantly bound in white and gold. A marvel in Catalogue making: an authority on all subjects pertaining to the garden, with cash or the same, and a descriptive catalogue of all that is desirable. It is too expensive to give away indiscriminately, but we want everyone interested in good garden to have a copy, therefore we will send

The Guide with a DUE BILL for 25 cents worth of flower and vegetable seeds — for 15 ct

It tells how credit is given for full amount of purchase to buy other goods.

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A perfect little gem of a price list. It is simply the Guide condensed, finely illustrated, and in handy shape for reference. FREE

Vicks Monthly Magazine,
enlarged, improved, and up to date on all subjects relating to Gardening, Horticulture, etc. Regular subscription price 50 cents a year.
Special 1899 offer—the **Magazine one year** and **Vick's Garden and Flora Guide, for 25 cents.**

OUR NEW PLAN of selling Vegetable Seeds gives you more for your . . . money than any other seed house in America.

JAMES VICKS SONS
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Subscribe to the CAROLINIAN.

A child was quite badly burned over on North side last week.

Mrs. Mary Williams, of Shiloh spent a few days of last with friends here

Another marriage is announced to take place next week.

Rev. A. L. Pindle occupied the pulpit of Mt. Lebanon Church Sunday afternoon and deliverrd a very inspiring sermen.

Mrs. Martha Benbury, of Berkley, is spending a short while here.

J. G. Reid, of Mapleton, returned yesteday to his home after having paid a brief visit to our town.

Preparations are already being made for the usual Saint Valentine's entertainment.

R. H. Williams, of Elenton, made a short trip to the city last week.

The Union Meeting at Disciples' Church, South Martin street, last week, was comparatively well attended by visiting ministers and friends.

Mrs. Irene Taylor, who has been spending several weeks with her parents here, left Saturday for her home in New Jersey.

A meeting looking towards matters of general interest and improvement was announced for last Tuesday night.

From a local standpoint, the month of January was remarkable for its unusual number of deaths so closely following each other.

The entertainment of last week proved attractive, and, financially, seems to have been a success.

David White returned to-day to Norfolk, after having spent a day or so with relatives here.

Rev. W. N. Boone, of Williamston, spent a part of last week in our community.

Rev. S. P. Smith, who recently returned from Raleigh, delivered an address to an appreciative audience Monday night, at Mt. Lebanon, on the proceedings of the colored council, which he attended while away

The homes of Alex Brown and Cicero White and two unoccupied buildings in the First Ward were destroyed by fire early Friday morning The Hook and Ladder boys were promptly on hand, but could render little service.

On account of the severe weather of last Saturday on the Teachers' Association, did not hold its meeting as appointed, but will meet in the State Normal School building, Satuaday, February 4th, at eleven o'clock. Alll teachers and promoters of education generally, are invited.

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOT-FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

$1.00

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 to you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruisrs, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

Special Offer To Our Readers,

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A BARGAIN, HERE IT IS.

NORTH CAROLINIAN AND **The Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press,**

BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR,
For Only $1.50.

The Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press needs no introduction. Its many special articles by noted writers have given it a world-wide reputation. In short, it is one of the cleanest and brightest and best family papers published. No pains or expense will be spared in keeping up its present high standard. It is conceded to be one of the leading family newspapers of America. If you are looing for something real good tae advantage of this combination offer.

Remember that by taking advantage of this combination, you get 52 copias of the Carolinian and 104 copies of the Free Press, 156 papers for $1.50.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought, is on every wrapper.

Valuable to Women.

Especially valuable to women is Browns' Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

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to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for **Medicine** until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES

CONSOLIDATED

UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the late Emiline Markham, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same, to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

L. M. SATTERTHWAITE,
Adm'r of Emiline Markham.
Novembsr 21, 1898.

N.G Grandy&Co

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FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

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...taken hold of
...obs Oil and go to
... and find ourselves com-
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An advance of $2 per ton for wire and wire nails was announced at Cleveland, Ohio.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The last Arkansas cotton crop is the largest ever raised in the State.

To Florida Resorts.

The Plant System reaches the finest resorts in Florida, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. Tickets by both rail and water from the East. Tri-weekly steamship service between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana. Beautifully illustrated literature, maps, rates, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

Kenosha, Wis., is to have a new library building, being the gift of the Mayor.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A street in New York City, now in course of construction, will be named Dewey avenue.

The Thing to Do.

When the Sciatic nerve gives its worst torment in the shape of Sciatica, the one thing to do is to use St. Jacobs Oil promptly and feel sure of a cure.

Auto-trucks can be run twenty-five miles on one charge of air.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are said to be more Presbyterians in Pennsylvania than in any other State.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

By a recent judicial decision the Chinese can be barred from Hawaii.

That Pimple

On Your Face is There to Warn You of Impure Blood.

Painful consequences may follow a neglect of this warning. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and it will purify your blood, cure all humors and eruptions, and make you feel better in every way. It will warm, nourish, strengthen and invigorate your whole body and prevent serious illness.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price, $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Force of Habit.

A trick of habit to be noticed in many returned volunteer soldiers was publicly observed at the horse show the other day. An exhibitor, who was an officer and did good work in Cuba, was approached by his groom to receive orders. The orders given, up flew the hand of the groom to his hat. But, to the astonishment of every one around, up also flew the hand of the ex-soldier to his hat, and the groom's gesture was responded to with a military salute. In a moment the smile of the ex-officer showed that he realized what a victim of habit he had become, but the first impulse appeared to be irresistible. "The fact is," commented another ex-soldier, "it will be some time before any of us get over the habit of returning a salute. Thanks to those long months of practice, it has become a kind of second nature."—New York Evening Sun.

At Worms, Germany, the city pays male teachers from $350 to $750 a year, female teachers from $325 to $525.

RELIEF FROM PAIN.

Women Everywhere Express their Gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. T. A. WALDEN, Gibson, Ga., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before taking your medicine, life was a burden to me. I never saw a well day. At my monthly period I suffered untold misery, and a great deal of the time I was troubled with a severe pain in my side. Before finishing the first bottle of your Vegetable Compound I could tell it was doing me good. I continued its use, also used the Liver Pills and Sanative Wash, and have been greatly helped. I would like to have you use my letter for the benefit of others."

Mrs. FLORENCE A. WOLFE, 515 Mulberry St., Lancaster, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two years I was troubled with what the local physicians told me was inflammation of the womb. Every month I suffered terribly. I had taken enough medicine from the doctors to cure anyone, but obtained relief for a short time only. At last I concluded to write to you in regard to my case, and can say that by following your advice I am now pefectly well."

Mrs. W. R. BATES, Mansfield, La., writes:

"Before writing to you I suffered dreadfully from painful menstruation, leucorrhœa and sore feeling in the lower part of the bowels. Now my friends want to know what makes me look so well. I do not hesitate one minute in telling them what has brought about this great change. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is the greatest remedy of the age."

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 316

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

DEMAND OF AGONCILLO.

Insists Diplomatically That We Say Whether It is Peace or War.

FILIPINOS' WARLIKE ATTITUDE.

As the Common Enemy Has Been Driven From the Islands, Aguinaldo's Representative Asks if Our Army and Navy Are Being Reinforced For the Purpose of Making War on the Filipinos.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Senor Lopez, secretary to Agoncillo, the Washington representative of Aguinaldo, called at the State Department Tuesday afternoon and lodged with the chief clerk a communication from Agoncillo, which, according to the common expectation, marked the critical stage in the Philippine question.

In his communication Agoncillo calls attention to the fact that on January 11 he addressed a letter to the Secretary of State upon the question of recognition, forwarding with it a memorandum demonstrating that according to all American precedents, the Philippine Republic was entitled to recognition.

He now desires to call attention to certain conditions which, in his opinion, require immediate alleviation. There are, he says, at the present time 20,000 American troops at Manila controlling a population of about 300,000. A number of war vessels are stationed in the harbor, and many other American men-of-war and transports are to be found within the archipelago, although the actual possession of the American troops extends over not more than 143 square miles out of more than 200,000.

"Despite the enormous forces now in this extremely circumscribed area," he continues, "we are informed through the public prints that other vessels of war have been ordered from distant parts of the globe to reinforce those now among the islands in question, while a few days ago a transport sailed from New York carrying about 2000 soldiers, and having Manila as its destination, and, as we are further informed, regiments of troops are under orders to proceed by way of San Francisco to the Philippines. The public prints inform us also that an attack is contemplated upon the Philippine Islands; the islands to be taken in detail—the smaller ones first, the larger ones blockaded so that they may not assist those first attacked."

He says that it is naturally the impression of his Government and people that these warlike preparations indicate existing or immediate military operarations in the Orient, and that they readily conceive that it must be contemplated that such are to be leveled at the existing Government of the Philippines.

He points out that the Philippines are in a state of order possessing a Government satisfactory to their inhabitants, and without an enemy within their borders offering any resistance to its operations, and are at peace with all the world, and says that, notwithstanding the difficulty he labors under in not having been formally received, he considers it his imperative duty to call the attention of the Secretary to the disturbing conditions he enumerates, to the end that he may receive such assurances as will satisfy his Government that it is not the intention of America to make war upon the new republic, which will explain to it the reason why large armies and navies should be dispatched to the Philippine Islands, and which will relieve his countrymen of the fear that now possesses them that their liberties are in danger at the hands of the Republic whose name they have always believed was associated with freedom and to which they first came for recognition.

The Government will not take any official notice of the communication.

FILIPINO ARMY, 30,000 STRONG.

Every Available Male Being Recruited and All United on Independence.

MANILA, Philippine Islands (By Cable).—Reports from the interior indicate that Aguinaldo's authority is now generally recognized. Every available male is being recruited, and arms depots have been established at San Fernandino, Union, Trinidad, and other large towns. The surrounding country is being levied on for supplies, and the Filipino troops are living on the fat of the land, while the native villagers are compelled to subsist on rice.

There is some friction between the Filipino civil and military authorities, but they are united on the question of independence.

It is estimated that there are fully 30,000 Filipinos under arms, and it is said that there are nearly fifty Maxim guns at Malolos, some of them having been recently acquired.

The Filipino military authorities are convinced, they say, that the Americans will be unable to work effectively outside of Manila in the event of hostilities, hence they feel confidence in the future.

JOHN KEAN FOR SENATOR.

He is Elected to Succeed James Smith, of New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—John Kean, of Elizabeth, was elected United States Senator on Tuesday to succeed James Smith, of Newark. In the Senate he received the fourteen Republican votes to six for Smith. In the House Mr. Kean received the thirty-seven Republican votes and Smith twenty-three.

Clark Re-elected in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyo. (Special).—The Legislature on Tuesday voted for United States Senator to succeed Clarence D. Clark. Senator Clark was re-elected.

Stewart Re-elected in Nevada.

CARSON, Nev. (Special).—Senator William M. Stewart was re-elected on Tuesday by the Legislature to the United States Senate.

Culberson Elected in Texas.

AUSTIN, Texas (Special).—Ex-Governor C. A. Culberson was elected on Tuesday by acclamation as United States Senator, to succeed Roger Q. Mills.

Rebel Successes in China.

The An Houi rebels, who, under the notorious desperado Nui, reinforced by rebels from the Province of Ho-Nan, attacked the city of Ku-Yung, China, on January 1, have captured it and ordered the execution of all the civil and military officials. They have also captured another city and district in the same prefecture, the rebel sympathizers having opened the gates of the town. The rebels are besieging Chau-Chau, in the Province of Kwang-Tung, and Kan-Chau, in the Province of Kiang-Si.

A Jealous Man's Triple Crime.

George Ayres, a painter, forty-six years old, shot and killed his wife, Mary E Ayres, a few nights ago, and shot John J. Wilson, a young merchant, who boarded with Mrs. Ayres, at Nicetown, a suburb of Philadelphia. Ayres had one more shot in his revolver, and fired it into his head. He lived half an hour. Ayres and his wife had separated because of a quarrel about Wilson.

The Newark For the Pacific Station.

The cruiser Newark, which is at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, has been ordered to the Pacific Station.

Prominent People.

Lord Salisbury detests walking.

General Wheeler used the same spurs in the war with Spain that he used in the Civil War.

Count Tolstoi declares that he has to thank his bicycle and his vegetarian diet for the robust health which he enjoys at the age of seventy.

The Military Order of the Foreign Wars of the United States will present to Admiral Dewey the gold insignia of the Order, of which he is a member.

Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, is said to be one of the greatest readers in the Senate. All new books, especially history and fiction, are at once purchased by him.

Representative White, of North Carolina, the only colored man in the House, has few of the facial characteristics of his race. He is a lawyer, a graduate of Howard University, and is described as modest and unassuming.

William B. Allison, of Iowa, is now the grand old man of the United States Senate. His Congressional career, which dates back to 1865, includes four consecutive terms in the House, and he is now serving his fifth consecutive term in the Senate.

Major-General Ludlow, the Military Governor of Havana, is especially well fitted to carry out the work proposed by the late Colonel George E. Waring, Jr. Although General Ludlow's reputation has been won chiefly as a civil engineer, he is regarded as one of the leading sanitary experts in this country.

FILIPINOS BECOME DEFIANT.

Aguinaldo Empowered by the Insurgents to Proclaim War.

MANILA, Philippine Islands (By Cable).—The Republica, official organ of the Filipino Government, announces that the Congress at Malolos has adopted the Philippine Constitution, passed a vote of confidence in Aguinaldo and empowered him to declare war on the Americans whenever he deems it advisable.

(He has been empowered to declare war on the Americans.)

At a mass meeting of women at Cavite, a few days ago, it was enthusiastically resolved to petition Aguinaldo for permission to take men's places in defence of independence, and to bear arms, if necessary.

An American sentry has killed a captain of Filipino artillery at the Tondo outpost. As a result the native press is intensely excited, and denounces it as a "cowardly assassination."

The day after the killing five Filipinos, determined to have revenge for their captain's death, attempted to enter our lines. An American sentry killed one of them, who was armed with a revolver. After an exchange of shots the others were arrested. The incident has intensified the excitement here.

The Mabini Cabinet has insisted upon the liberation of the Spanish civil prisoners in commemoration of the proclamation of the Filipino Republic, and also donated money to the native clergy. A decree to that effect was signed. The Spanish clergy, however, remained prisoners.

SMALLPOX RAGES IN ARKANSAS.

Four Hundred Cases in Fulton County Within Two Months.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark. (Special).—Dr. H. C. Dunavant, President of the State Board of Health, in speaking of the smallpox situation on Thursday, told of a terrible state of affairs at Salem, in Fulton County.

Dr. Dunavant has just returned from that place, where he made a thorough investigation. He says that there have been at least 400 cases of smallpox in the locality within the last two months, and that a number of deaths have occurred. He found people walking about the streets of the town, broken out with the disease, pock-marked and pitted, and others falling ill every day.

The local physicians contended that the disease was not smallpox, and little effort had been made to check its ravages. As a result, the disease has become scattered along the line of the Memphis and Fort Scott and Cotton Belt Railroads, and many neighboring towns are now infected.

The disease was first brought to Fulton County about two months ago by a returned soldier.

RULED AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

Cannot Recover Deposit Paid to Englishmen on Vessels We Did Not Get.

LONDON (By Cable).—The trial of the suit brought by the United States against Pally and another to recover the sum of $26,500 paid as a deposit under a contract for the purchase of the steamers Rookwood and Lockwood prior to the war between the United States and Spain was ended in the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice on Thursday, the jury bringing in a verdict for the defendants. There was a provision in the contract that if a blockade or other cause prevented the delivery of the vessels the contract should become null and void, the sellers to retain the deposit money.

Justice Bigham, before whom the case was heard, ruled that war existed on April 23, 1898, preventing the defendants from delivering the vessels. If further preparations for the delivery of the vessels had been made after April 23, the defendants would have incurred the penalties of the Foreign Enlistment act.

Spry at the Age of 106.

Mrs. Angelique Galipeau celebrated her one hundred and sixth birthday at Northampton, Mass., a few days ago. She was born in Montreal, January 25, 1794. She is enjoying good health, reads and sews without glasses, and is as spry as many a young woman. Five generations are represented in the house in which she lives.

Oklahoma Wants to Be a State.

The Territorial Statehood Convention at Guthrie, Oklahoma, has resolved for a constitutional convention in June and a State election in October on a proposal to go to Congress and demand admission in December.

Indians in New Mexico Suffer.

Information received from the Zuni Pueblo, in Western Valencia County, New Mexico, tells of a sad state of affairs among the Indians. Smallpox is raging with terrible results, and deaths are numerous, since the disease broke out 217 deaths have occurred and 600 Indians are sick, of whom possibly about one-half will recover.

Fell 6000 Feet Down a Mine Shaft.

Edward Hawkins fell 6000 feet down the Tamarack mine shaft at Calumet, Mich., a few days ago. Only fragments of his body could be found.

News of the Toilers.

The average monthly wage of male teachers in Illinois in 1898 was $60.87, and of female teachers $51.84.

The Panama Railway laborers in Colon, Colombia, went on strike to enforce their demand for compensation at the rate of $1 a day in gold.

At a mass-meeting of weavers at New Bedford, Mass., it was voted to demand of the manufacturers a restoration of the wages paid in 1896.

The Indiana State Board of Labor Commissioners has investigated thirty-nine strikes and lockouts. In seven instances only did failure to adjust differences occur.

The engineering federation, which proved so powerful in the recent strike in England, has invited employers in all trades to "crush the tyranny" of trades unionism. One object of the combination is to secure legislation favorable to the employers.

Officers of the cigarmakers' unions in New York City complain of the laxity of the Internal Revenue Department in permitting manufacturers of cigars to refill boxes and to cover up the dates on blue labels by pasting revenue stamps over them.

The annual reports of the Factory Inspectors and the Commissioner of Labor Statistics of New York show that the enforcement of the labor laws has proved beneficial in various respects and that there has been improvement in the condition of wage-earners.

GEN. ALGER'S TESTIMONY.

He Appears Before the War Investigating Commission.

DEFENDS HIS ADMINISTRATION.

The Secretary of War Testifies That He Was Never Interested in Nor Profited by Contracts—No Complaints Regarding Food From the Army Itself—Declined to Issue a Statement.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Secretary Alger, in response to an invitation of the War Investigating Commission, appeared before that body on Thursday. The Secretary was sworn by General Wilson.

During the continuance of the war, said Secretary Alger, he had been kept constantly advised of all actions taken by the several bureaus. The chiefs of bureaus often reported to him several times a day. If he had not been advised of any important fact in regard to departmental work the head of one of the bureaus was to blame.

"Was the head of any bureau guilty of failure to discharge his duty during the continuance of the war?" asked Governor Beaver.

"No, sir," replied Secretary Alger.

"Did any report come to you of any irregularity or of any fraudulent practices in the contracting for supplies furnished to any department?"

"No, sir."

"Did you directly or indirectly have any interest in the selection of any of the camps occupied by any of the troops?"

"No, sir. I never had any interest in any camp. I do not know that any one connected with me had any such interest."

"Have you received any complaint from the Major-General of the Army while at Porto Rico as to the quality of refrigerated and canned roast beef furnished the army?"

The Secretary replying, referred to his annual report, quoting a dispatch from General Miles asking that no more beef be sent because he could get a large supply there. General Miles had said something about beef that had spoiled there.

Secretary Alger next told of the inspection of camps, especially the tour of inspection by General Miles.

He (Alger) never had received any official complaint from the armies in the field in regard to fresh or canned meat furnished the troops.

"Have you any information that meat was chemically treated?"

"Nothing but what has been brought out by this commission. Beef," he went on, "has been used as an army ration for many years, and its use was not an experiment in the Spanish War. No complaints had been received from the camps in regard to the beef."

When asked whether he was personally interested in contracts for furnishing meat the Secretary said, with positiveness:

"I am not. I never had, directly or indirectly, interest in any property, in anything, supplied to the Government."

He had never received an official report that beef furnished the army had caused sickness. He had received reports from several sources that at Chickamauga and Camp Thomas there had been a lack of medicines and supplies. The reports were investigated and supplies ordered at once. He had never received a report from the Surgeon-General that he was unable to furnish supplies. In regard to the arrival of the Fifth Corps at Montauk, he said that every possible precaution had been taken to make the camp healthful and comfortable. There had been many deficiencies that it was impossible to remedy, but everything that could be done had been done.

This closed the examination, and Secretary Alger was asked whether he wished to volunteer any statement, but he declined to do so.

DESTITUTION IN CUBA.

The United States Engaged in the Work of Relieving the Distress.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Twenty thousand persons are fed daily in Cuba at the expense of the United States. The machinery of the military administration is working toward the relief of fifteen or twenty thousand more, and probably another million rations will be required in addition to the two millions ordered on the first of the month.

Since January 10 1,300,000 rations have been sent to department and district commanders. The supply ship Comal, now on her way around the island, is disembarking the remainder of the 2,000,000 rations ordered for Cuba on January 1.

Reports received by Governor-General Brooke from Matanzas show there are 19,000 destitute persons outside the cities in that province, Dr. De la Calla, who was sent to Pinar del Rio, reports that there are 4000 destitute in that department. Dr. Echeverria, who has been collecting information in the Province of Santa Clara and the cities of Matanzas Province, reports that about 11,000 need food on his estimates, while General Leonard Wood is able to say that Santiago Province is not in need of further rations.

TORTURED BY BACILLI.

Physicians in Vienna Used Patients For Murderous Experiments.

VIENNA, Austria (By Cable).—It has been discovered that the physicians in the free hospitals of Vienna systematically experiment upon their patients, especially newborn children, women in a delicate state and persons who are dying.

In one case a doctor injected the bacilli of an infectious disease into thirty-five women and three new-born children. In another case a youth who was on the high road to recovery was inoculated, and he died within twenty-four hours.

Many dying patients have been tortured by poisonous germs and many men have been inoculated with contagious diseases. One doctor, who had received an unlimited number of healthy children from a foundling hospital for experimental purposes, excused himself on the ground that they were cheaper than animals.

A Jersey City Clergyman Killed.

The Rev. Walter A. Coar, of Jersey City, N. J., was struck and instantly killed a few nights ago by a Pennsylvania Railroad train a few miles outside of Philadelphia. The head was severed from the body. He was thirty-five years of age, and was a son of Robert Coar, Water Commissioner, of Jersey City.

Cecil Rhodes Abandons a Railway Scheme

Cecil Rhodes, who is now in London, England, has abandoned for the present his scheme of a continuous railway line from the Cape of Good Hope to Cairo, Egypt, and will content himself with asking a guarantee for the extension of the Buluwayo railway to the Zambesi.

When the Cortes Will Meet.

The Premier, Senor Sagasta, at Madrid, Spain, has announced that the Government has decided to convoke the Cortes on February 16, whether or not the United States Senate ratifies the treaty of peace.

Cycling Notes.

The official report shows that 408,869 bicycles were taxed in France the last fiscal year.

The demand for an easier way of detaching and attaching the front wheel continues unabated.

A new military tricycle has just been tried by the French army, and is said to have proved effective.

It is said that agitation has greatly strengthened American wheels in foreign favor, and sales have been remarkable.

Long cranks and high gears still form a fruitful topic of discussion among engineers and those who claim expert knowledge of the subject.

A French cycle maker fits two sets of sprocket wheels on his machines, when ordered, so that a rider can change his gear in a few seconds at any time.

The majority of men's wheels recently seen on exhibition in New York City were geared in the vicinity of 84, while the average gear of women's models was 77.

It is twenty-two years since the first exhibition of cycles was held in London, England, and each successive year has found them more important and necessary to the trade.

The desire for color on a bicycle has now extended even to saddles. The saddles are now stained in every imaginable color. One saddle maker goes a step further and carries a line finished in the latest Scotch plaids.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, introduced a bill temporarily creating the rank of Admiral.

A Board of Officers has been appointed for the purpose of examining, testing and reporting upon the various emergency rations, as to their adaptability for use in the army, and to compare the present emergency ration with those that may be submitted to the Board.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, left here a few days ago on a trip to Cuba. He expects to make a tour of the island. He is accompanied by his family.

The use of voting machines was approved by the House Committee on the election of President and Vice-President, and a favorable report was ordered on the bill amending the statues so as to permit machine ballots when the State law so authorized them.

Commander M. R. S. Mackenzie has been detached from the Mayflower, when out of commission, and ordered home on waiting orders.

General Russell Hastings, formerly of Ohio, but now living at Northampton, Mass., has been chosen for appointment as Director of the Bureau of American Republics, to succeed the late Joseph Smith.

The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures agreed to report a banking and currency bill, the chief features of which are an emphatic declaration for the gold standard and a provision for the gradual retirement of greenbacks.

President McKinley has approved the charges and specifications in the case of Brigadier-General Charles P. Eagan.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the bill creating an additional Judge for the Sixth Circuit. The amendment added another Judge for the Fifth Circuit, and the action of the House passes the bill.

Domestic.

All of the eleven volunteer fire companies of Johnstown, Penn., turned out a few nights ago to battle with the worst fire in Johnstown's history. Within two hours' time flames consumed $100,000 worth of property, on which there is an insurance estimated at between $25,000 and $30,000.

The Rev. Robert Stamm has been placed under arrest at Anderson, Md., for using a slungshot in quelling a disturbance at a revival meeting at a church a few evenings ago.

Almost under the shadow of a police station six men entered a lodging house in Chicago a few days ago, and held up more than a hundred men loitering about the large office room. The robbers succeeded in making their escape after beating one of the clerks of the establishment seriously.

The Planters' Bank, with a capital of $25,000, at Kansas City, Mo., was closed by the State. The proprietors are under arrest by order of Secretary of State Lesceur and Assistant Attorney-General Jeffries. The bank has no visible assets, it is alleged, whatever.

Anderson Wood died at Knuckles, Ind., the victim of a practical joke. A few nights ago while Albert Shumate was on his way home from a dance, Wood and three companions, who thought to frighten Shumate, jumped out of the bushes and demanded his money. Shumate fired upon the supposed robbers, instantly killing Wood. When told of the mistake Shumate left home and has not been heard of since.

Herbert Maul died at Trenton, N. J., a few days ago. While eating peanuts a whole one lodged at the entrance to his stomach.

Catherine Coyne, forty-seven years old, of Jersey City, N. J., was struck by an eastbound passenger train a few days ago and instantly killed.

C. F. Wolf, of Brooklyn, N. Y., inhaled illuminating gas in a room at a hotel in Philadelphia, Penn., and was found dead a few days ago.

While coming up the channel at Mobile, Ala., the fruit steamer Columbia collided with and sank the schooner Olive. The Columbia struck the schooner amidships and cut her in two. Captain Bill Todd, his son Oliver and Moses Kaplan were on the schooner. Kaplan, who was unable to swim, was drowned. The others were saved.

The steam ferryboat Oakland, plying between San Francisco and Oakland, collided with the launch William D., near Great Island. The launch sank immediately. Engineer Waddles, of the William D., was drowned. F. D. Orr, a passenger, was struck by the Oakland and died of his injuries.

Charles Ruehlinger, aged ten years, of Philadelphia, Penn., accidentally shot and killed Edgar L. Winpenny, aged fourteen years. The former was shooting at a target on a lot in the northern part of the city and fired just as Winpenny was crossing the lot some distance in front.

Grace Martin, daughter of Luke Martin, was burned to death at her home in Wallingford, Conn. She was putting logs in the fireplace when a spark flew out, igniting her clothing. She was twenty-one years old.

John Hughes, aged seventy years, formerly of Jersey City, committed suicide at his home in Franklin, Penn., by cutting his throat with a razor. Hughes had been ill with the grip the past two weeks, and had shown signs of insanity. He is survived by one son and one daughter, both of Brooklyn.

Z. G. Simmons, of Kenosha, Wis., will erect a monument to the memory of the soldiers and sailors of the Civil War. The cost of the monument will be $10,000.

Miss Fannie Condit, fifty-three years of age, of East Orange, N. J., was killed in a bicycle accident a few days ago. She had just alighted from a car, and stepped in front of a bicycle ridden by John H. Thomas, of East Orange. Her skull was fractured, and she lived but three hours after the accident. Thomas was arrested.

The bank at Arthur, Ill., was robbed of $4000 a few nights ago. Six men overpowered the night watchman, bound and gagged him, and tied him in a back room. The robbers blew open the safe with dynamite and secured the money.

The Illinois Legislature has passed a joint resolution thanking Miss Helen Gould for her untiring devotion to the American soldiers in the war with Spain.

Captain Charles E. Clark, formerly of the warship Oregon, at Asheville, N. C., refused to be elected a member of the local humane society.

Captain Glass, late commander of the Charleston, who returned from Manila on the steamer Rio de Janeiro, will take charge of the naval coaling station now being constructed on Goat Island, in San Francisco Harbor.

Frank Mareno, twenty-four years old, of Newark, N. J., was shot and instantly killed by Nuncio Salvatore, his father-in-law. Frank Mareno was insanely jealous, and beat his child wife frequently and unmercifully, though she gave him no cause for his action. He was killed while savagely attacking his wife. Salvatore was arrested.

William Robinson, a watchman, was crushed to death a few days ago by a sidewalk freight elevator in New York City.

Foreign.

A The thief who stole $300,000 from Parr's Bank, in London, returned $200,000 by post. The bank declared a dividend of nineteen per cent.

Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has been visiting Chinese ports, left Yokohama, Japan, a few days ago on a visit to this country before returning to England.

Half of the guard at the Russian Legation at Pekin, China, has been withdrawn, making it equal to the guards at the other legations.

Smallpox is ravaging the Abyssinian army under command of Ras Makonnen, and Ras Michael, second in command, is among those dangerously ill with the disease.

It is the purpose of the British Government to establish a permanent post as military attache with its embassy at Washington.

Some of the ruffians who maltreated Mr. Gottfried, an American citizen, and his family, living in Peru, have been captured, and the Government has ordered the others pursued with energy.

The London Times, discussing editorially Anglo-French relations, hints that France will be offered concessions in Madagascar as a set-off to the French shore rights in Newfoundland.

The Court of Cassation, Paris, France, examined Major Count Esterhazy a few days ago, who entered the Palace of Justice without being noticed.

Bank notes to the value of $303,000 mysteriously disappeared a few days ago from Parr's Bank, limited, in London. It is supposed that they have been stolen.

The Italian cruisers Elba and Etna will soon go to China, but the rumor of the Italian Government's intention to seize a Chinese port is reported premature.

The American Society in London is arranging to give a banquet to Ambassador Choate on his arrival.

The Infanta Eulalia, aunt of the King of Spain, is visiting England. She was the guest of the Princess of Wales at Sandringham a few days ago.

Warmth and Strength.

The cold of winter certainly aggravates rheumatism, and at all seasons St. Jacobs Oil is its master cure. It imparts warmth and strength to the muscles, and cures.

An Iowa Judge has decided that the life insurance of a voluntary bankrupt is an asset.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Spain has been notified not to send any more criminals to Cuba.

The Motes in a Sunbeam.

Counting the dancing motes in a bar of sunlight sounds like one of those hopeless, never ending tasks with which malignant fairies delight to break the spirits of little heroines in the German folk stories. Something more than this, however, has been achieved by modern science, which is now able to count the particles floating in any given portion of the atmosphere, and determine what portion of these are dangerous germs and what are mere dust.

Dr. Frankland's experiments have shown us how to count the micro-organisms, and now a Scotch scientist, by a totally different method, has been enabled to take stock of the more harmless, but hardly less interesting, dust motes. Thirty thousand such particles have been detected by him in the thousandth of a cubic inch of the air of a room. In the outside atmosphere in dry weather the same measurement of air yielded 2119, whereas after a heavy rainfall the number was only 521.

That this power of prying into atmospheric secrets will eventually yield very important results must be obvious to all. Among the most curious discoveries already made is the direct and constant relation which exists between dust particles and fogs, mist and rain.—Pearson's.

The Mental Eye.

Thousands upon thousands of persons handle our silver dollar, but few happen to observe the lion's head which lies concealed in the representation of the familiar head of Liberty; frequently even a careful examination fails to detect this hidden emblem of British rule; but, as before, when once found it is quite obvious. For similar reasons it is a great aid in looking for an object to know what to look for; to be readily found, the object, though lost to sight, should be to memory clear. Searching is a mental process similar to the matching of a piece of fabric in texture or color, when one has forgotten the sample and must rely upon the remembrance of its appearance. If the recollection is clear and distinct, recognition takes place when the judgment decides that what the physical eye sees corresponds to the image in the mind's eyes; with an indistinct mental image the recognition becomes doubtful or faulty. For correct and accurate vision it is necessary to acquire an alert mental eye that observes all that is objectively visible, but does not permit the subjective to add to or modify what is really present.—Professor Joseph Jastrow, in Appleton's Popular Science Monthly.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The dreariest thing is wasted love. A man doesn't begin to love till his passion becomes of age.

The more a woman studies finance the surer she is that nothing makes a thing so clear as a pattern.

Probably Cupid's success is due to the fact that he has only one string to his bow.

If there were no such thing as love, there would be no such thing as music in the world.

Whenever you see a self-made man you can be pretty sure it's more than half some woman's fault.

No man achieves success as long as he is a contradiction to himself, or as long as he is not a contradiction to a woman.

There are two women in the average man's life—the woman he wants to marry and the woman he wishes he wanted to marry.

When a woman resolves to spread sunshine and happiness around her she begins by carrying a sad, wistful look in her eyes and talking in a low, mournful voice.—New York Press.

German Emperor's Employes.

There are 1500 people upon the German Emperor's list of employes, including 350 women servants, who are engaged in looking after the twenty-two royal palaces and castles that belong to the crown. Their wages are small. The women receive not more than $12 a month and the men servants from $15 to $25 a month.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do?

It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

It Prevents and It Cures Baldness

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs.

It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

Would you like a copy of our book on the Hair and Scalp? It is free.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor write the Doctor about it.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes' time, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make in your own kitchen, a better cleansing paste than you can buy.

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces of Ivory Soap cut into shavings, boil five minutes after the Soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire, and cool in convenient dishes (not tin.) It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar.

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Bright Men Who Are Vegetarians.

The Vegetarian Society now has hundreds of members and associates. The full members pledge themselves to abstain from the use of flesh, fish and fowl as food, though the vegetable diet may be supplemented by such animal products as eggs, cheese, butter and milk.

Among the members and associates of the society are many of the brightest men in London. The late Dr. Spurgeon was a vegetarian, as also Sir Isaac Pitman. They also point with pride to the name of George Bernard Shaw, the journalist and playwright. Shaw said, in giving his reasons for being a vegetarian and a teetotaler, that, in his opinion, "a man could not do the best work there was in him on a diet of dead animals and whisky."

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

The Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ill., is decaying and is in need of repairs.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

An order was recently placed with a company for 250 auto-trucks.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists

There were two banks in New York City in 1800.

Hoxsie's Croup Cure

Acts directly on the delicate tissues of the throat and prevents the formation of the white membrane as in diphtheria. 50 cents.

Chicago has 648 churches, and Philadelphia has more than 600.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A great exhibit of American automobiles will be seen at the Paris Exposition.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

Pure running water is met with everywhere in Porto Rico.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer knocks Colds.—JOHN DARGAVELL, 444 Fargo Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1898. 25c. a bottle.

The 29,000 German Baptists in the United States gave last year $62,000 to missions.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—MRS. ALLIE DOUGLASS, Le Roy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

There was no postoffice in New York City until 1775.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

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